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Issue No. 47.

CHRESTOLEROS.

SEUEN BOOKES OF EPIGRAMES.

WRITTEN BY

THOMAS BASTARD.

RE-PRINTED FROM THE EDITION OF 1598.

PRINTED FOR THE SPENSER SOCIETY.

The Spenser Boriety.

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Vice-President.
The Rt. Hon. LORD COLERIDGE.

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LIST OF PUBLICATIONS.

Issue

For the First Year 1867-8.

 The Proverbs and Epigrams of John Heywood. Reprinted from the Original Edition of 1562.

 The Works of John Taylor the Water Poet. Reprinted from the Folio Edition of 1630. Part I.

For the Second Year 1868-9.

3. The Works of John Taylor the Water Poet. Reprinted from the Folio of 1630. Part II.

4. The Works of John Taylor the Water Poet. Reprinted from the Folio of 1630. Part III. (Completing the volume.)

5. Zepheria. Reprinted from the Original Edition of 1594.

For the Third Year 1869-70.

6. The EKATOMIAGIA or Passionate Centurie of Love, by Thomas Watson.
Reprinted from the Original Edition of (circa) 1581.

 Works of John Taylor the Water Poet, not included in the Folio Volume of 1630. Reprinted from the Original Editions. First Collection.

For the Fourth Year 1870-1.

8. A Handefull of Pleasant Delites, by Clement Robinson, and divers others.

Reprinted from the Original Edition of 1584.

 Juvenilia: Poems by George Wither, contained in the collections of his Juvenilia which appeared in 1626 and 1633. Part I.

10. Juvenilia: Poems by George Wither. Part II.

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THOMAS BASTARD.

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PRINTED BY CHARLES E. SIMMS, MANCHESTER.



CHRESTOLEROS.

SEUEN BOOKES OF

Epigrames written by T. B.

Hunc nouere modum nostri feruare libelli Parcere personis: dicere de vitiis.



Imprinted at London, by Richard Bradocke, for I. B. and are to be fold at her shop in Paules Church-yarde, at the figue of the Bible. 1598.





TO THE RIGHT HONOURABLE
Sir Charels Blunt Knight, Lord
Mountioy, and Knight of the most
noble order of the
Garter.

MY Lorde, Epigrames are a fcarfe worke, they have ever had but fewe writers, and yet too many. If my booke please not; yet this I shall be fure of, rare discommendations: the grea

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test aduenture that I knowe, is to write, mens iudgments are of so many fashions; yet this is my comfort, that my booke is of the fashion. If the common manners commend him, he hath given them no cause. I saine object to my calling this kinde of writing: in other things I woulde be glad to approve my studie to your good Lordshippe. These are the accomptes of my Idlenes. Yet herein I may seeme to have done something worthy the price

of





of labour, that I haue taught Epigrams to fpeake chaftlie; besides, I haue acquainted them with more grauite of sence, and barring them of their olde libertie, not onely forbidden them to be personall, but turned all their bitternesse rather into sharpnesse. But the worke it selfe, (in regard of which I most humbly craue your honors patronage) doth in the nature and kinde thereof deliuer me of an Epistle, and bidds it giue place to an Epigram.

If





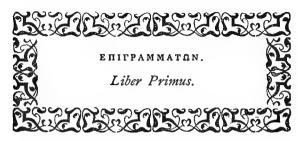
If I my pen an higher taske should set, Great Lord, what better matter could I finde, Then of thy worth and vertue to entreate, Of thy heroicke spirite and noble minde: Now take my gnatt, and try me in a toye, Whether hereafter I may sing of Troye.

Your Honours most af-

fectionate Seruant,

Thomas Bastard.





Epigr. 1. de subiecto operis sui.

I Speake of wants, of frauds, of policies,
Of manners, and of vertues and of times,
Of vnthrifts and of friends, and enemies,
Poets, Phyfitions, Lawyers, and Diuines,
Of vfurers, buyers, borowers, ritch and poore,
Of theeues, and murtherers, by fea and land,
Of pickthankes, lyers, flatterers leffe and more,
Of good and bad, and all that comes to hand;
I fpeake of hidden and of open things:
Of ftrange euents, of countries farre and wide,
Of warres, of captaynes, Nobles, Princes, kings,



-



Asia, Europe, and all the world beside.

This is my subject, reader, I confesse,
From which I thinke feldom I doe digresse,

Epigr 2.

When I was sweetly sotted with delight,
Each trifeling cause could move one to indite,
A little praise would stirre me in such wise,
My thirst all Helycon could scarse suffice.
My pen was like a bowe which still is bent,
My head was like a barrell wanting vent;
Then had you toucht me, you had selt the smart,
What sury might, requiring helpe of art,
And then I thought my ivdgements ayme so cleere
That I would hitt you right, or misse you neere:
But nowe lest naked of prosperitie
And subject vnto bitter injurrie:

So



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So poore of fense, so bare of wit I am,
Not neede her selfe can driue an Epigram,
Yet neede is mistresse of all exercise.
And she all thriuing arts did first deuise.
But should I thriue or prosper in that state,
Where she is my commandresse whome I hate?
For of a key-cold witt what would ye haue?
He which is once a wretch, is thrise a slaue.

Epigr. 3. Ad Lectorem.

R Eader my booke flies low, and comes not neere, The higher world, and the celeftiall fpheare. Yet not so low, but that it doth despise The earthes round lumpe, and farre aboue it flies. This is the middle labour of my pen, To drawe thee forth (Reader) a mappe of men.

B 2 Epigr.





Epigr. 4. De Microcosmo.

Man is a little world and beares the face,
And picture of the Vniuerfitie:
All but refembleth God, all but his glaffe,
All but the picture of his maieftie.
Man is the little world (fo we him call,)
The world the little God, God the great All.

Epigr. 5. Ad lectorem de fubiceto operis fui.

THE little worlde the subject of my muse, Is an huge taske and labour infinite; Like to a wildernesse or masse consuse, Or to an endlesse gulse, or to the night, How many strange *Meanders* doe *I* sinde? How many paths do turne my straying pen?

How





How many doubtfull twilights make me blinde, Which feeke to lim out this ftrange All of men? Easie it were the earth to purtray out, Or to draw forth the heauens purest frame, Whose restlesse course, by order whirles about Of change and place, and still remaines the same. But how shall mens, or manners forme appeare, Which while I write, do change fro that they were?

Epigr. 6. Ad Momum.

Monus, I treate of vices by the way, Of vices pure, abstract, and separate, Of vniuerfall, as the schoole men say, Intentionall, meere, and specificate; Which sloate aboue all sense of vulgarnesse, And keepe the topp of the prædicament; Which like Chymæra haunt the wildernesse,

В 3

And





And are the substance of an accident.
You cannot *Momus* then be toucht by me,
Vnlesse you *genus vniuersum*, be.

Epigr. 7. Ad curiosum lectorem.

ME thinks fome curious Reader, I heare fay, What Epigrams in english? tis not fit. My booke is plaine, and would haue if it may, An english Reader but a latine witt.

Epigr. 8. Ad Do. Mountioy.

Reat Lord, thine honour and thine excellence, Among the leaft hath worthy refidence; Of which I am, as meane, as low as any; Yet a true heart and witnesse with the many.

Then



bebebebebebe

Then learne of me what th'vnknowne vulgar faies, how high the lowe extoll thy worthy praife, Here thou dost fit, these harts thy worth doth moue These know thy vertues, daine to know their loue.

Epigr. 9. In Caium.

Aius will doe me good he fweares by all,
That can be fworne, in fwearing liberall:
He did me one good turne I wote well how,
I would he had not, for I rue it now.
And twife and thrife, he holpe me at my need,
He me in fhew, but I holpe him in deede.
Had I more neede he would fo fuccour me,
That for his helpe the more my need fhould be.
But Caius, haue ye fuch good turns in ftore?
O keepe them for your felfe, helpe me no more.

B 4 For





For he which comes to you and wanteth pelfe, Must say: Sir I have need, now helpe your selfe.

Epigr. 10. De Cadauere in littus eiecto.

The naked corpse cast out vpon the shoare, Seemde in my thought thus wofully to plaine: Sea, thou did'st drowne, and bury me before; Why do thy waves then digge me out againe? Thus we by earth and sea are invired; The earth castes forth her live, the sea her dead.

Epigr. 11. de Philippo Sidneo.

When nature wrought vpon her mould so well, That nature wondred her owne worke to see, When arte so labourde nature to excell, And both had spent their excellence in thee.

Wil-





Willing they gaue the into fortunes hande Fearing they could not ende what they beganne.

Epigr. 12. De Publio.

PVblius sweares he is nor false nor wicked,
Free from great faults, and hath no other lett,
Saue this great fault he is in debt.
This is the greatest sinne he hath committed.
This is a great and hainous sinne indeede,
Which will commit him if he take not heede.

Epigr. 13.

Allus would make me heire, but fuddainly, He was preuented by vntimely death: Scilla did make me heire, when by and by His health returnes and he recouereth.

He





He that entendes me good, dies with his pelfe, And he that doth me good, hath it himselfe

Epigr. 14. In Mathonem optatiuum.

MAtho the wisher hath an ill entent, But for the fact I thinke him innocent, If he fee ought he wisheth it straight way. Wishing the night, wishing he spendes the day. Nor horse, nor man, nor wife, nor boy nor maide Can scape his wish, nor ought that can be said. Your house, your bed, your board, your plate, your All he deuours, tis all his with a wish. (dish. He views whole fields & sheep on them which stray Riuers, woods, hils, he wisheth all away. Yea witt, and learning and good qualities. He would not want, if wishing might suffice. And this the difarde Matho nothing gaines, By wishing oft, and yet he takes great paines. Epigr.





Epigr. 15. In Mirum medicus.

PHisition Mirus talkes of faliuation,
Of Tophes and Pustules, and Febricitation;
Who doth ingurgitate, who tussicate,
And who an vicer hath inueterate.
Thus while his Inkehorne termes he doth apply,
Euacuated is his ingenie.

Epigr. 16.

Some fay that fome which Colledges did found,
Were wicked men; I grant it may be fo:
But what are they which feeke to pull them downe?
Are not these wicked builders, let me know?
How do times differ? how are things discust?
For see their wicked, do excell our just.

Epigr.



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Epigr. 17. de poëta Martiali.

Martiall, in footh none should presume to write, Sincetime hath brought thy Epigrams to light: For through our writing, thine so prais'de before Haue this obteinde, to be commended more:

Yet to our selues although we winne no same, Wee please, which get our maister a good name.

Epigr. 18

The poore man plaines vnto a *Crocodile*,
And with true tears his cheeks he doth bedew,
Sir, I am wrong'd and fpoild: alas the while,
I am vndone, good fir fome pitie shewe:
Then weepes the *Crocodile*, but you may see,
his teeth preparde and hollow rauening iawe:
Then dry the poore mans teares, away goes he,
Must





Must rape be pitied, is there such a lawe? He did me wronge which robde me as you see, But he which stole my tears, stole more from me.

Epigr. 19. in Auaritiam.

A Varice hath an endlesse eye,
Attende, and I will tell you why;
The minde the bodies good doth craue,
Which it desiring cannot haue:
The like resemblance may be made,
As if the bodie lou'd a shade.

Epigr. 20. in Cacum.

Acus desired me to set him foorth.
O how I burne saith he! O how I long,
And yet I cannot register his worth,
And why? for Cacus neuer did me wrong.

Epigr.



bebebebebebe

Epigr. 21. De Typographo.

The Printer when I askt a little Summe,
Huckt with me for my book, and came not nere.
Ne could my reason or perswasion,
Moue him a whit, though al things now were deere;
Hath my conceipt no helpe to set it forth?
Are all things deere, and is wit nothing worth?

Epigr. 22. In Scillam.

Scilla had bin in France a weeke or two, When he returned home with victory: Boasting of ten which he to death did do. Nine in the fight, the tenth but cowardly, For him he smote vntrussing of his hose: Alas that soldier di'de a filthy death; Yet he made vp the compleate sum of those,

Of





Of whose occision Scilla glorieth,
And by his Rapiar hilts (O bloody deed)
Embrau'de with golde, he sweares victoriously
And hundred at his next returne to speede.
Ten him no tens, an hundred more shall die,
But neuer he returnde, nor euer will,
Counting more glory now to saue then kill.

Epigr. 23. in Caluum.

Aluus hath hayre neither on head or brow. Yet he thanks God, that witt he hath enowe. The witt may ftand although the hayre doe fall Tis true, but Caluus had no witt at all?

Epigr. 24.

Rausus is ficke of care, the doctors say, His cure and remedy must be delay.

While



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While ficke confuming Fauftus keeps his bedde. An hundred whole men are confum'd and deade. After all this Fauftus recouereth;

I fee care is a tricke to cofin death.

Epigr. 25. in fucantem faciem suam.

Hath done that ill, which was done well before,
Thus he hath put thy picture in thy place,
Making thee like thy felfe, thy felfe no more.
Depriude of liuing comlinesse and feature,
Fye on thee art, thou com'ft to neere to nature.

Epigr. 26. de Adam primo homine.

When Adam couered his first nakednes, (what, With figge tree leaves, he did, he knew not The





The leaves were good indeed, but not for that, God ordaind skins gainst his skins wretchednesse. But gainst diseases and our inward neede, To piece our life which slitting still doth passe. What lease do we not vse, what herbe, what grasse, Their secret vertues standing vs in steede?

Thus in our garmentes these we cast away:
And yet our life doth weare them every day.

Epigr. 27. In Cophum.

Ophus on Antimonium doth plodd,
Beleeue me Cophus but you are too bolde,
To fearch into the fecret depth of God:
After Potatoes of resolved golde
The Paracelsians taught you this to doe;
And you will ferett Nature from her denne,
Yee'le make men live whether they will or no.

But



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But trust me *Cophus* they are trustlesse men. For *Cophus* they have taskt you like a noddy, To study th'immortalitie of the bodie.

Epigr. 28.

They which reade Horace, Virgill and the rest, Of ancient Poets; all new wits detest:

And say O times; what happy wits were then,
I say, O sooles; rather what happy men.

Epigr. 29. In Gallum.

The good turne Gallus which you promifed, When I believing foole doe aske of you:

Then you object your name is blemished,

By my reportes, and more which is not true,

You might bin liberall as ye did boast,

But you are angry now with halfe the cost.



bebebebebebe

Epigr. 30.

Lorus exceeded all men of our time,
So braue, so pert, so lustye, and so trimme:
But sodainly me thought he did decline,
So wanne, so blanke, so fily and so thinne.
I askte the cause, he leads me through the streete,
He brings me to his house, where I may see,
A woman sayre, softe, gentle and discreete.
Behold faith Florus what hath tamed me.
What is this true? can such a wife doe so?

Epigr. 31. Epitaphium Timonis.

Then how must be be tamd which bath a shroe?

H Eere I lie fealed vnder this ftone,
Deathes loathfome prifoner, lifes caftaway.
Which when I liued was loued of none,

C 2

Not



bébébébébébé

Nor louely to any as all men can fay.

Now all men for dying doe loue me, though ill,

I would not reuiue to loofe their good will.

Epigr. 32.

Hey fay the *Spaniards* make prouifion
For wars, and that they will be heere with fpeed
With fhops, golde, filuer and munition.
What do they meane? I think they know our need?

Epigr. 33.

If ye aske Latus why he keepes no Christmasse, Being so rich, having so large revenue: Hee'le say he is in debt, or hath some purchase, Or hath begonne it and can not continue. Porus hath many legacyes to pay,

Though





Though Lætus he exceede in welth or land. But Dacus will do good fome other way, Cacus would, weare his mony in his hand: Olde Mifus faith, let them fpend wich can get, Corus would now, but all things are to deare. Germanus faith, you do not know my lett, And Caius will keepe house an other yeare.

O wretched times, but our times iust abuse, That euer doing good should haue excuse.

Epigr. 34. Ad Thomam Freake armig. de veris aduentu.

The welcome Sunne from fea Freake is returned, And cheerth with his beames the naked earth, Which gainst his comming her apparelleth, And hath his absence fixe long moneths mourned. Out of her fragrant side she sendes to greete him The rashed primrose and the violet;

C 3

While





While she the fieldes and meadowes doth beset With flowers, & hangs the trees with pearle to meet Amid this hope and ioy she doth forget, (him To kill the hemlocke which doth grow too fast, And chill the adder making too much hast, With his blacke sonnes reuiued with the heat, Till sommer come with diuers colours clad, Much like my Epigrams both good and badd.

Epigr. 35. In Thersiten.

Athough *Therfites* have a filthy face, And staring eyes, and little outward grace, Yet this he hath to make amend's for all, *Nature* her felfe is not more naturall.



Epigr. 36.

Matter he hath enough, but I haue lesse, Yet but in one poynt all the ods doth lie, He may speake of lewde loues and wantonnesse. Is not this ods? am not I in a streight, His matter pleaseth more, then my conceipt.

Epigr. 37. In Festum.

FEstus and this vile world have shaken hands, Opprobrious riches were to him such griese, That he hath so dispatcht his wealth and lands, That no man now can cast them in his teeth, Now what is not vndone? and what remaines. To Festus of his former happinesse? Ritch with all humours, onely he retaines,

Good



C₄



Good natur'd grosnesse, and a bounch of slesh. But *Philo* take you care no more of that, For if ye doe, you will vndoe your fatt.

Epigr. 38. In Misum.

Olde Mifus is a flauish drudge I knowe, For whome? but for his master, so he saies: Who is your maister Mifus can ye shew? Is not he in your chest vnder your keyes? Then you doe ill so farre him to preferre, And make your Lord, which is your prisoner.

Epigr. 39. Ad librum fuum.

MY little booke whom wilt thou please, tell me? All which shall reade thee? no that cannot be. Whom then, the best? but sew of these are knowne, Howe



bebebebebebe

How shalt thou knowe to please thou know'st not The meaner fort comend not poetry; (whom? And sure the worst should please themselues for thee But let them passe, and set by most no store, Please thou one well, thou shalt not neede please more.

Epigr. 40. Ad Lectorem.

How quickly doth the Reader passe away,
My pens long taske and trauaile of the day?
Foure lines, which hold me tug an hower or twaine
He sups vp with a breath and takes no paine.
Yet vse me well Reader, which to procure
Thy one short pleasure, two long paines endure:
The one of writing when it is begonne:
Th'other of shame, if't please not when tis done.

Finis. Libri Primi.

EHILP.





Thou which deluding raisest vp a fame,
And having shewd the man conceass his name;
Which canst play earnest as it pleaseth thee,
And earnest turne to iest as neede shall be,
Whose good we praise, as being likt of all,
Whose ill we beare, as being naturall,
Thou which art made of vineger and gall,
Wormewood, and Aquafortis mixt with all.
The worldes spie, all ages observer,
All mens seare, sewe mens statterer.
Cease, write no more to agravate thy sinne:
Or if thou wilt not leave, now Ile beginne.





Epigr. 2. In Porum.

Porus when first he ventred for a prize,
Desirde safe conduct but to yonder shoare:
When he ariude and spedd his merchandize,
Sea, bring me home againe, I aske no more.
And yet a second course he vndertakes.
And steeling leaue for gayne which is so deare,
A third and sourth aduenture yet he makes,
And vide to danger now, forgets to seare.
Ye windes and seas where are your blasts & waues,
With which ye seale and open the great deepe?
Porus contemneth you as captiue slaues,
And saith you are his prisoners vnder keepe.
Like Xerxes he hath Neptune saft in stockes,
And like Vlysses, Æolus in a boxe.



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Epigr. 3.

M Onfters of men are many now a day, Which ftill like *Vultures* on the dead do pray, And as the *Phænix* doth in wondred wife, So they, but out of others ashes rife.

Epigr. 4. Ad Henricum Wottonum.

Wotton, the country and the country fwayne,
How can they yeelde a Poet any fense?
How can they stirre him vp, or heat his vaine?
How can they feede him with intelligence?
You have that fire which can a witt enslame,
In happy London Englands fayrest eye:
Well may you Poets have of worthy name,
Which have the foode and life of poetry.

And yet the country or the towne may fwaye, Or beare a part, as clownes doe in a play.



Epigr. 5. In hospitem quendam.

M Ine hoaft he hath but one eye which good is, As for condtions good, one lesse then this, I pray ye guestes as many as come hether, In his behalfe to put these both together.

Epigr. 6. De mensæ Ianuarii quæ fuit an: do. 1595.

(reigne,

VHen coldes & frosts, & snowes were wont to

As in their time of prime in Ianiuere.

Then calme and milde and pleasant was the yeare,
like to the spring which maketh all things seyne.

The little sparrowes these I sawe deceiue,
Which cherped merily and built their nest.

Pore birds, the frost will come when you think lest,

And



a dibabababababab

And you of pleasure sodainlye bereaue.

And this poore birds let me your errour rue;

But let the yeare deceiue no more then you.

Epigr. 7. In Lætum.

Lætus by fops, and fups, and little more
Hath got a nose which reacheth to the skies,
This nose hath got a mouth wide gaping so,
This mouth hath gotten eares, these eares have eies,
And now me thinkes tis little nose againe,
Being deuided for I did suppose,
That it had neither mouth, nor eares, nor eyne.
I was deceived, I tooke all for a nose,
And if I say als nose, thinke you I lye?
But if I say not; what a nose marre I?





Epigr. 8.

WAlking the fieldes a wantcatcher I fpide,
To him I went defirous of his game:
Sir haue ye taken wants? yes he replide,
Heere are a dozen which were lately tane.
Then you haue left no more. No more quoth he,
Sir I can fhewe you more, the more the worfe,
And to his worke he wente, but t'wolde not be,
For all the wantes were crept into my purse.

Farewell friend wantcatcher fince t'will not be, Thou canst not catch the wants, but they catch me.

Epigr. 9.

WEstminster is a mill which gryndes all causes, And grinde his cause for me there he that list: For by Demurrs and Pleas, appeales, and clauses, The tole is oft made greater then the gryste.





Epigr. 10.

A Gentleman, if once decline he chance,
Theres meate for peafants, there is dainty fare
One fnaps the fides, an other hath the haunch,
One hath the vmbles, euery one a fhare.
O vile base ende of riott and excesse,
He which had liuing, landes and dignitie;
Is eaten vp of very filthinesse.
Falne among swine, a pray to slauerie,
But see the ende; this sweete and daintie foode,
Turns into finer molde, vpstartes a sonne:
He is a Gentleman of your lands blood.
He buyes your Armes, who could be thus vndone,
First would I sterue my selfe and eate my nayles,
Or these rude chuss should drayle me through their

D Epigr.



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Epigr. 11.

H E which to London did convey the pigge,
Which was fo wodrous long, fo monstrous big
Tell him from me he was a very mome.
For I knowe greater piggs he left at home.

Epigr. 12. In Zoilum.

Zoilus now stinkes, cold, wann, and withered, How shall one know when Zoilus is dead.

Epigr. 13. In Cacum.

Acus, if any chance on him to call,
Drawes forth the loafe & cheefe, but if they eate
A golden fentence he drawes forth withall,
Friendship consistent not in drinke and meate.

This



bébébébébébé

This is a goolden fentence I dare fweare. This fentence faues him many pound's a yeare.

Epigr. 14. Epit aphium barbæ cuius erat Pfillus.

Here lies a bounch of haire deepe falowed, Of fayre long hayre, trilling a downe the breft, With goodly flakes and peakes; now all is dead. The fhaking, and the count'nance, and the creft; Now death of mooches hath diffolude that twynn, And feafed on that goodly fett of hayre. And marde the order of that famous chynn, With his posteritie alone so fayre, Which to posteritie I will commende. Heere lies a beard, and Pfillus at the ende.

D 2 Epigr.



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Epigr. 15.

HEywood goes downe faith Dauic, fikerly, And downe he goes, I can it not deny. But were I happy, did not fortune frowne. Were I in heart, I would fing Dauy downe.

Epigr. 16. Ad Lectorem.

REader, there is no biting in my verse;
No gall, no wormewood, no cause of offence.
And yet there is a biting I confesse
And sharpenesse tempred to a wholsome sense.
Such are my Epigrams well vnderstood,
As salt which bites the wound, but doth it good.



Epigr. 17. Ad Aulicos.

YE Courtiers, fo may you in courtly forte
With manners old, old Courtiers long remaine, So that some vpstart courtiers ve refraine: vnworthy of a peerelesse princes port. As courtier leather, courtier pinne, and fope, And courtier vinegeer, and ftarch and carde. And courtier cups, fuch as were neuer heard, And fuch as shall not court it long we hope. The true gentilitie by their owne Armes,

Advance themselves, the false by others harmes.

Epigr. 18. In inuidum.

T Chanced on a monster of a man, I With health heart fick, sterued with store of food, With riches poore; with beauty pale and wanne.

 D_3 Wretched





Wretched with happinesse, euill with good, One eye did enuie at the other eye, Because the other enuide more then he. His hands did sight for the first iniurie, So enuie enui'de, enuied to be.

And as he went his hinder foote was fore And enuide at the foote that went before.

Epigr. 19. In Fænatores.

NEUER fo many vserers were knowne,
As we have now; yet have we not enowe,
So many borowing neede hath overthrowne,
Which would be more in debt, but know not how,
The vserers are tane vp of Gentlemen,
Of Merchants, of the Nobles of the land.
The poore can now have no accesse to them,
Vnder vndoing thrise, vnder good band.

Methinkes





Methinkes I heare the wretches how they call, Let's haue more vfurers, or none at all.

Epigr. 20.

HE that will in the mid'st of dronkennesse,
Learne how he may miraculously be fresh:
And in one instant honger after cates,
Which his cramde surfeyting with loathing hates.
And ipso facto cure the rume destilling,
And that which heere to name I am not willing,
Vnlesse Tobacco vanish his disease.
He must stay longer or he can haue ease.

Epigr. 21. In Momum.

Momus to be a Poet Lawreate,
Hath straynde his wits, through an yron grate.
D 4 For





For he hath rimes and rimes, and double straynes:
And golden verses, and all kindes of veynes,
Now to the presse he presseth hastely,
To sell his friendes stinking eternitie.
For who would be eternall in such fashion,
To be a witnesse to his condemnation.

Epigr. 22.

Mett a courtier riding on the plaine,
Well mounted on a braue and gallant steede;
I sate a iade, and spurred to my paine,
My lazybeast whose tyred sides did bleede,
He sawe my case; and then of courtesse,
Did reyne his horse, and drewe the bridle in
Because I did desire his companie:
But he coruetting way of me doth winne.
What should I doe which was besteaded so?
His horse stoode still safter then mine could go,
Epigr.



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Epigr. 23. In Misum.

MIfus, thy wealth will quickly breath away, Thine honestie is shorter then thy breath, Thy slesh will fall, how can it longer stay, Which is so ripe and mellow after death? Yet while thou liu'st men make of thee a iest. Heere lies olde Misus soule, lockt in his chest.

Epigr. 27. In Lalum.

Lalus is drunke, and able fcarse to speake,
He sweares he is not drunke; when by an by
The nimble licour soyles him on his necke,
How durst ye Lalus giue your Ale the lie,
Next time if you will be beleeu'd, confesse,
That when you have not drunk, you are not fresh.



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Epigr. 25. Inhabentem longam barbam.

Thy beard is long: better it would thee fitt, To have a shorter beard, and longer witt.

Epigr. 26.

I Want an hundred pounds: my bookes I feeke, Their answere is; that learning hath a fall: I feeke my braines: conceipts be so good cheepe, One dramme of filuer may buy head and all. Then to the Muses I amased stye. They tell me Homers case and others more. Then to my bookes againe as fast I hie. And backe againe as wretched as before.

Betraying studies standing sew in steede; Why doe ye this forsake me in my neede?





Epigr. 27. In Lætum.

Lætus would begge of me I knowe not what,
But first he couenants, denye not me.

Nay Lætus begge me then if I grant that.

If I will binde my selfe to sett you free.

Twere well if after asking you might haue it
But you will haue a thing before ye craue it.

Epigr. 28.

SO harde it was for Poets to reiect,
The once conceiued iffue of their braine,
As for a mother her babe to neglect,
For whom in trauayling fhe tooke fuch paine,
Then if we loue our faultes for our owne fake.
Loue doth but loue the child, which loue did make.



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Epigr. 29. in Papam.

The Pope as king of kings hath power from hye,
To plant, and to roote out fuccessively:
Why fell the king of France in wofull case?
Because the Pope did plant him of his grace.
But our Elisa lives, and keepes her crowne,
Godamercy Pope, for he would pull her downe.

Epigr. 30. Adreginam Elizabetham.

Liue long Elisa, that the wolfe of Spayne,
In his owne thirst of blood consumde may be.
That forraine princes may enuie thy reigne.
That we may liue and florish vnder thee,
And though the bended force of mighty kings,
With knots of policy confederate,
Ayme at thy royall Scepter, purposing

Con-



bébébébébébé

Confusion to thy country and thy state.

Heauen fights for thee, & thou shalt haue thy will

Of all thy soes, for thy Sunne standeth still.

Epigr. 31. Ad Lectorem.

Reader me thinkes that now I doe digresse,
Presuming thus to talke of Maiesty.
Which in things easie could my minde expresse,
And dandle little meanings pretily,
For now I loose my proper veynes delight,
Which things vnproper to my veyne rehearse,
Thus I attempting those things to recyte,
Which come not in the compasse of my verse,
In such a plot, cannot make matter saye.
Where so much matter must be cast away.



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Epigr. 32. Ad Comitem Essexiæ.

Esfex, the ends which men fo faine would finde, Riches, for which most are industrious. Honour, for which most men are vertuous, Are but beginnings to thy noble minde:

Which thou as meanes dost frankly spend vpon, Thy countries good, by thy true honour wonne.

Epigr. 33.

Che hand in handes faluting now is past,
And friendes embracing armes in armes do cast.
Why? cause the body is the better part?
Or we would feele our friends neerer the heart?
Or that our friends as flitting to and fro
Our armes may hold, our hands would let them go?
Yet were the auncient friendship now of force,
Our armefull, for their handfull I would score.

Epigr.



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Epigr. 34.

The first defence that goolde hath, is the grounde,
Where it lyes hidden till we digge it foorth.
Then in her thickness it lies, which we founde,
For gooold's pale spirit of admirable woorth:
And then we let it downe into our heart,
And drench our soule so thirsty after gayne,
Till like a God it reigne in eury part,
Mo Alcumist can draw it thence againe.

If goolde from goold can be be abstracted thus,
Why should not goold as well be drawn from vs?

Epigr. 35. In Fortunam.

I Pray thee fortune, (fortune if thou be.)
Come heere aside, for I must braule with thee.
I'st you that sitt as Queene in throne so hye,

In



BEBERERE BEBER

In spite of vertue, witt and honesty? Haue you a Scepter onely to this ende, To make him rue which neuer did offend? I'ft your fayre face whose fauour fooles doe finde. And whose vain smile makes wise men change their Thy hands be ful, yet eye thou hast not one, [mind? Th' arte full of mosse, and yet a rolling stone. Thou fancyest none: yet puts't the worste in trust, Thou ta'kt no bribes, and yet dost judge injust. Thou makest Lordes, and yet dost cast them downe, Thou hatest kings, and yet dost keepe their crowne. Thou neuer stand'st: and yet dost neuer fall: And car'ft for none and yet haft rule for all. But fortune, though in princely throne thou fit,

I enuie not, it is not for thy witt.



bebebebebe

Epigr. 36. Ad Sextum.

Sextus in wordes gives me goold wealth and lands Sextus hath Crassus tongue, but Irus handes.

Epigr. 37. Ad Guilielmum Sutton.

I Vowde to make an Epigram a day,
But fetting pen to paper twolde not faye.
I wanted matter and inuention.
My pen was tired, and my witt was donne.
Sutton this losse thou well mayst recompense,
Taking out wordes and putting in some sense:
Perhaps thou wilt not, for thou think'st it best,
To leave some bad which may comend the rest.

E Epigr.



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Epigr. 38. In Caium.

SO thy rare vertues fixed in mine eyes,
Thy gentle nature *Caius*, and thy minde.
So fraught with learning and good qualities:
That thou art ritch this onely fault *I* finde.
When thou wast poore thy vertues me releeued.
Since thou art ritch, of both *I* am depriued.

Epigr. 39.

The princes good is good to all: but yeat
The good of all to her good doth not tende.
She one defends vs all what euer threat,
And yet we all can not her one defende.
For the kings euell none but kings can cure.
Yet the kings euill more then kings procure.





Eigr. 40. De libro suo.

One fayde my booke was like vnto a coate, Of diverse colours blacke and red and white, I bent to crosse him saide he spake by roate. For they in making rather are vnlike.

A coate, one garment made of many fleeces, My booke, one meaning cutt in many peeces.

Finis Libri Secundi.



E 2



Nor mery nor conceipted, nor the plaine:
Nor angry, foolish, criticall or nice.
Nor olde nor young, nor sober, nor the vaine.
Nor for the proud, nor for the couetous,
Nor for the Gentleman, nor the Clowne:
Nor for the glutton, nor adulterous,
Nor for the valiant worthy of renowne.
Nor for the thrifty, nor the prodigall,
But if thou needs will know for whom? for all,

E 3





Epigr. 2. In Corum.

Corus defires with them to haue a place,
Whom my fleight muse of right doth celebrate.
Avant ye peasant, for you are too base.
What you among the worthies of our state?
How should I fitt you with a trough or sinke,
Or plant a kenell for your worthinesse,
But that the rest for neighbourhood must stinke,
And be consiners to your filthynesse?
I tooke myne oath Thalia at thy shryne,

I tooke myne oath *Thalia* at thy shryne, Ne're to embrue my verses with a swyne.

Epigr. 3. Ad Iohannem Dauis.

I F witt may make a Poet, as I geffe,

Heywood with auncient Poets may I compare.

But thou in word and deed haft made him leffe,

In



In his owne witt: having yet learning spare,
The goate doth hunt the grasse: the wolfe the goat.
The lyon hunts the wolfe, by proofe we see.

Heywood sang others downe, but thy sweete note
Davis, hath sang him downe, and I would thee.
Then be not mou'de, nor count it such a sinn,
To will in thee what thou hast donn in him.

Epigr. 4.

Ing Philip would by force victoriously,
Inuade our land: which having proude in vaine,
He wars with treason most ingloriously.
Yet is repelde, and driven home againe.
In great attempts few spare for wickednesse,
Yet never any man did more for lesse.

E 4



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Epigr. 5. Ad comitem Essexiæ iam nauigaturum.

These ships with childe with such an enterprze,
As more then quicke they trauaile with to Spayne;
These Captaynes of couragious companies,
The towers and fortes, Elysa, if thy reigne,
These Armies marching and these ensignes spread,
These Armes aduanst vpon our enemies:
All as the body, waite on thee their head,
Great Lord, dipt in thine heart, fixt in thine eyes,
Go on with living courage, tempring sweete,
The inspired body of her royall sleete,

Epigr. 6. Ad eundem.

THe newes of Spanish wars, how wondrously, It strooke our heartes, what terrour it did breed. Saint





Saint Mary porte and Cales can testifie, And thousand's Spaniards witnessing the deede, When thou Deurox, with feare wast so dismaid, That thou to Siuill well nigh fled'st for ayde.

Epigr. 7.

When Cæsar in those wars which did not cease,
Till they had consummated not his peace:
By higher cause was drawne into the flood,
Where Alexanders royall citie stoode:
And now the world did fint her conquering,
Against the comming of a greater king,
Ægypt, which hording all iniquities,
Vnder yet vnreueauled mysteries,
Did burne the wisedome of all ages olde
Which forty thousand volumes had enrolde:
Plainely foretold what shortly should ensue.
Wipe out the olde world and begin the new.



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Epigr. 8. In Philonem.

Phylo is richly rayde, and beareth hye
His great reuenues dated in his coate.
Coyne, iewels, plate and land: loa heere they lie.
This is their last which lately so did floate.
First in his bely shipt they suffred wracke.
Now they are landed all vpon his backe.

Epigr. 9.

Befides contentions to vs naturall,
And to our age: befides all wickednesse
So rise so ripe, so reaching ouer all,
And murdring malice raging in excesse.
We have invented engines to shed blood,
Such as no age did ever known before.
Like as God thundreth from the agric clowde:
Lightning



Lightning forth death out of deaths house of store, What Arte had ever more perfection.

Then murder hath, fince gonns did worke our euill, Fye on all mischieuous invention.

Fye on all wicked heads, fye on the divell, Which vs such murdring instruments assignes.

It is to much to have such murdring mindes.

Epigr. 10.

When bakrupt *Tamus*, his chanel scarse did wett, He was great store of water in our dett, Which all he payde vs, when an other yeare Hee pleaded at the barre at *Westminstere*.

Epigr. Ad Lectorem.

R Eader if *Heywood* lived now againe
Whome time of life hath not of praife bereaued,
If



If he would write, I could expresse his vaine, Thus he would write, or else I am deceiued.

Epigr. 12. Of a pudding.

(pends The end is all, & in the end the praise of all de-A podding merits double praise, a podding hath (two ends.

Epigr. 13. A crossing of that Epigram

Apodding hath two ends? ye lye my brother: For he begins at one, and ends at t'other.

Epigr. 14. Of the Lions?

TEll me good *Tom*, hast thou the Lions seene? Iacke I haue selt them: why where hast thou bene? Where





Where haue I not beene, ranging heere and there And trust me *Iacke* Lions are euery where, Why then thou saw'st them: foole that is no soare, He that tels thee I felt them, tells thee more.

Epigr. 15. Of Ienkin.

I Enkin is a rude clowne; go tell him fo.
What neede I tell what he himselse doth know?
Perhaps he knowes not, then he is a sott,
For tell me, what knowes he which knows not that?

Epigr. 16. Of an Ape.

HE that would know an Ape, may be to feeke, An Ape is that, which an Ape is not like.



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Epigr. 17. Of Bankes horse.

Bankes hath an horse of wondrous qualitie,
For he can fight, and pisse, and daunce, and lie.
And finde your purse, and tell what coyne ye haue.
But Bankes, who taught your horse to smel a knaue?

Epigr. 18. Of Pymer which fell mad for the love of his dogg Talbott.

Dymer lou'de Talbot, Talbot loued him,
Who loued best? both loued constantly.
Pymer with Talbot dy'd, Talbot with him.
Who dyed best? both dyed louingly.
Yet were I iudge for Talbot I should sitt,
Whose match in loue Pymer was, not in witt.





Epigr. 18. Ad Lectorem.

Some will perhaps condemne my foolish veyne, For that of Dogs, Lyons, and Apes I speake. But if they knewe the cause they would refrayne. I doe it onely for the Printers sake. The simple must have something for their humour, And having somthing they my booke will buy. Then gayneth he by whome I am no looser. So is he satisfied, and they and I.

Some will give sixe pence for a witty touch, And some to see an Ape will give as much.

Epigr. 19. In Seuerum.

SEuerus reads my booke, and having read, Forthwith pronounceth me an idle head. And idle he had binn as well as we,

But



But that he matter found to carpe at me: Then all goes not amisse as I mistooke; I see there is some matter in my book.

Epigr. 20. In eundem.

Seuerus calls me idle, I confesse:

But who can worke vpon my idlenesse.

Epigr. 21.

When Sextus Quintus traytrously had slayne,
He threw his spoyled corpse into the deepe.
But the iust sea did throw him out againe,
And to a murder would not counsaile keepe.
The fact appeares, the author of the sinne,
Is yet vnknowne, but see the slayne doth bleede.
And his cold blood runs out, and points at him,

And





And cryes, this is the author of the deede. Thus even the dead against such villanie Of Abels blood for vengeance learne to cry.

Epigr. 21. Ad reginam Elizebetham.

Other of *England*, and fweete nurse of all, Thy countries good which all depends on thee, Looke not that countries father I thee call, A name of great and kingly dignitie, Thou doft not onely match old kings, but rather, In thy fweete loue to vs, excell a father.

Epigr. 22. Ad eandem.

T Know where is a thiefe and long hath beene, ⚠ Which fpoyleth euery place where he refortes. He steales away both subjectes from the Queene.

F And





And men from his owne country of all fortes. Howfes by three, and feauen, and ten he rafeth, To make the common gleabe, his private land, Our country Cities cruell he defaceth, The graffe grows greene where litle Troy did stand, The forlorne father hanging downe his head. His outcast company drawne vp and downe. The pining labourer doth begge his bread. The plowfwayne feek's his dinner from the towne. O Prince, the wrong is thine, for vnderstand:

Many fuch robbries will vndoe thy land.

Epigr. 23. Ad Do. Mountiny.

/ Ountion what is my muse, or my dull pen, 1 Or my forlorne conceipt, worthy of thee The honoredst of honorable men, Nobling with vertues thy Nobilitie?

Vet



Yet fith thy fame through euery eare doth flie, And all men praise thy worth: why should not I?

Epigr. 24. In Cacum.

V Vhen Cacus wrong'de me, this was his excufe, I meant no harme: I thought thee no abuse. Well had he meant it worse I could not speede. I could not fealt his thought more then his deede. I would have thankt him had the case so stood, That he had meant me harme and doone me good.

Epigr. 25. In eundem.

You did me harme, but meant not so to doe, Since you have donne it Cacus, meane it to.

F 2



Epigr. 26. Ad Georgium Morton Armig.

Morton whose face bewrayes antiquitie,
When men were goodly of proportion.
But in whose heart is true gentilitie,
In thee perfited, in thy race begonne.
Take these poore lines, as due to thy defart,
From him which owes to thee more then his heart.

Epigr. 27. Ad Richardum Eeds.

Eds, onely thou an Epigram dost season,
With a sweete tast and relish of enditing.
With sharpes of sense, and delicates of reason,
With salt of witt and wonderfull delighting.
For in my sudgement him thou hast exprest,
In whose sweet mouth hony did build her nest.

Epigr.



Epigr. 28. Ad Guilielmnne Suttonum.

When breath and life through my cold miferie,
Did euen fayle, and hope had made an end.
Thou Sutton did'st put breath and life in me,
With the sweet comforts of a faithfull friend.
O that I likewise might keepe thee from death
With my pens life, and with my papers breath.

Epigr. 9.

Neuer fo many masters any knew,
And so sewe gentlemen in such a crewe.
Neuer so many houses, so small spending.
Neuer such store of coyne: so little lending.
Neuer so many cosins: so sewe kynde.
Goodmorrowes plenty, good wils heard to sinde.
Neuer so many clerkes, neere learning lesse.

F 3

Many



adadadadada

Many religious, but least godlinesse.

Instice is banished, lawe breeds such strife,
And trueth: and why? for swearing is so rife.

Thus in her strength of causes vertue dieth,
But vice without a cause still multiplieth.

Epigr. 39. Ad Cacum.

There was prefented you an odd Libell For which you knowe *Cacus*, you payd me well, But well I knowe, of me fir you had none, Remember then *Cacus*, I owe you one.

Epigr. 31. In Libellum.

Libel all rawe with indigested spite,
Whose witt doth droppe inuenymde iniurie.
Whose pen leakes blots of spitesull infamie,

Which



bébébébébébé

Which the fynke of thy paper doth receite.

Why doft thou boast? for if thou had'st don well.

In naughty things twere easie to excell.

Epigr. 32. Ad Mathonem.

Matho, if common liking may fuffice,
And temprate iudgement, when you do repeat,
Then would I praise your verses once or twise.
But I must rage and cry, and sweare and sweat,
I must condemne the writers of all ages,
And wrong diviner wits which were before:
When having spent and consum'de all my praises
Yet you reade on, and yet you looke for more.
Henceforth looke for no praise at your recyting.
Wordes are but winde, i'le set it downe in writing.

F 4 Epigr.



Epigr. 33.

A Wealch and English man meete on the way, Both poore, both proud, full of small courtesy. They fall in talke till each of them display, Both their great mindes, and small abilitie. The wealch man from one word of discontent, Of an huge quarrell tooke occasion:

Telling the englishman he should repent, For he should fight with all his nation.

The english man would put vp no disgrace, But said I will, doe you appoint the place.

Epigr. 34. in Thymum.

Thymus is fo enspired fo mortifide, So pure a ghost, so heavenly spiritual: That all things else to God he hath deny'd.

Feete,



BEBEBEBEBE

Feete, knees, hands, breaft, face, eyes, lips, tongue & As false religion he doth reuile it, (all. Which loues the knees, or any outward part. With his stinking lounges will not defile it. Nor with his purest blood, nor with his heart, In spirit he doth ride, walkes, eates, and drinkes In spirit he hates, he rayles, I worse then this, He cares not what the vulgar fort do thinke, Alas they knowe not of what spirit he is, Neyther know I, yet thinke I of an euill, And seare his spirit will turne into a deuill.

Epigr. 35.

DAneus nose when time of death drew neere, So hideously did swell, none could suppose What was the cause, two beds prepared were, One for *Daneus*, to'ther for his nose.

One



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One faid it bredd a wolfe: againe another, Did iudge the tympany the cause of rising: Some sayde it was tormented with the mother. Some with the scurvies for not exercising. Being ript vp, the cause of death was spied. Ten thousand iestes were sound, whereof it died.

Epigr. 36.

The peafant Corus of his wealth doth boaft,
Yet he scarse worth twise twenty pounds at most,
I chanc'de to worde once with this lowse swayne.
He calde me base, and beggar in disdaine.
To try the trueth hereof I rate my selfe.
And cast the little count of all my wealth.
See how much Hebrew, Greeke, and Poetry,
Latin, Rhetorique and Philosophye.
Reading and sense in sciences prosound,

Epigr.



All valued, are not worth forty pounds.

Epigr. 37.

Matho in wealth and ease, at libertye, Expresseth neither witt nor honesty. But is secure and idle, dull and vaine, His pleasures man, and his sweete fortunes swayne, But when he is awakt with misery. With executions, and pouertie. When he is quite vndonne and nothing worth. Then like a viper his witt crawleth foorth.

Epigr. 38. In Seuerum.

Severus hates my pens lycentious grace. He liked not of my gadding poetry. He tearmes my writing like the wildgoose race, In fine he saith that all is vanity.

Away



Liber Tertius.

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Away faith he, I like not this redundance, Away with him, a Poet is abundance.

Epigr. 39. Ad Essexiæ comitem.

IF I could turne my verse into desart,
Or tune my sense to thy nobilitie.
Great Essex, then should'st thou enioy my arte,
And chalenge me thy Poet worthely.
But since I cannot equal thee with art
Take thy reward out of thine owne desart.

Finis Libri Tertij.





Epigr. 1. Ad Librum fuum.

Ye not my booke for that were wickednes, Be not too idle, idle though thou be, Eschewe scurrilitie and wantonnesse.

Temper with little mirth, more grauity.

Rayle not at any least thy friends forsake thee.

In earnest cause of writing shew thy witt.

Touch none at all that no man may mistake thee.

But speake the best that all may like of it,

If any aske thee what I doe professe, Say that, of which thou art the idlenesse.



Epigr. 2. Ad Do. Mountioy.

Mounting, among the labours of my pen, Which my glad muse aspireth to present, To thee as worthiest of all other men, Of thee as patron and high president, If any had, these had bin worthy best.

But since all are, these are vnworthy least.

Epigr. 3. Ad Librum suum.

MY booke, fome handes in Oxford wil thee take, And beare thee home, and louingly respect thee And entertaine thee for thy masters sake:

And for thy masters sake some will reject thee.

But to my faithfull friendes commend I thee.

And to mine enemies, commend thou me.





Epigr. 4. Ad vtranque Acadamiam.

YE famous fifter Vniuerfities, (hate? Oxford and Cambridge, whence proceeds your Brothers rare concord do ye imitate, Each greeting each with mutuall iniuries? Brothers fall out and quarrell I confesse. But fisters loue; for it becomes you lesse.

Epigr. 5. Ad easdem.

Why ftriue ye fifters for antiquitie?
Can not your prefent honour you fuffice?
VVhy ftriue ye fifters for that vanitie.
VVhich if ye fawe as twas, you would despife?
You must make loue: loue is your surest hold,
Others must honour you and make you olde.



Epigr. 6. De sua Clepsydra.

C Etting mine howre glasse for a witnesse by To measure studie as the time did fly: A lingring muse posseste my thinking brayne: My minde was reaching, but in fuch a veyne, As if my thoughtes by thinking brought a fleepe, Winglesse & footelesse, now like snailes did creepe. I eyde my glasse, but he so fast did ronne. That ere I had begonne, the howre was donne. The creeping fandes with speedy pace were flitt, Before one reason crept out of my witt. When I stoode still I sawe how time did fly. When my wits ranne, time ranne, more fast then I. Stay heere, ile change the course, let study passe And let time study while I am the glasse. What touch ye fands? are little mites fo fleete? Can bodies ronne fo fwift which have no feete? And





And can ye tomble time so fast away? Then farewell howers, I'le study by the day.

Epigr. 7.

Vr fathers did but vse the world before. And having vsde did leaue the same to vs. We spill what ever resteth of their store. What can our heyres inherit but our curse? For we have suck the sweete and sappe away, And sowd consumption in the fruitfull ground. The woods and forests cladd in rich aray, With nakednesse and baldnesse we consounde. We have defast the lasting monymentes And caus'd all honour to have ende with vs: The holy temples seele our rauishments. What can our heyres inherit but our curse? The world must ende, for men are so accurst, Vnlesse God ende it sooner: they will furst,

Epigr.



G

Epigr. 8. Ad Iohannem VV hitegift, Arch, Cant.

Welcome as to the yeare the gladfome May, Welcome as is the morning to the day, Welcome as fleepe vnto the weary fwaynes: The fayre Elifa white with heauenly praifes: The Gods white Church adorned doth fet forth. The all white meaning and excelling worth: The vertue white aboue all honour raifes. Yet let my pen prefent this little storie. Vnto the endlesse volume of thy glorie.

Epigr. 9. In adorantes reliquias.

I S it a worthy thing to digge vp bones?

To kiffe, t'adore the reliques of dead men?

Alas



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Alas how foolish were those fily ones,
Which in times past did nought but burie them?
But they perhaps for stinke did then refraine:
But you doe worse to make them stinke againe.

Yet in the very stinking this is odd, They stank to men then, now they stinke to God.

Epigr. 10. Comparatio Cranmeri & Mutij.

(hand

Ike Mutius Cranmer thou diddest burne thine
O but I iniure thee thus to compare.
Nothing was like, the fire, the cause, the man.
Yet likest you of all that stored are.
He had a Theatre of men to see
What thou didst represent to Angels eyes.
He burnt his hand to cinders careless,
Which thou by burning diddest facrisce.

G 2

Thou



Thou diddeft fowe thine hand into the flame, Which he confumde and could not reape againe. Thy loue did quench the burning of the fame, Acting with pleafure what he did with paine. In him twas wonder that he did prefume, To touch the flame with flesh contaminated.

In thee twas wonder that the fire did burne. An holy hand to glory confecrated.

Eigr. 11.

P Volius hath two brothers fowle and cleane. The fowle is honest, and the cleane a foole: He in the middest maketh vp the meane, Sitting in vertues place: fo faith our schoole: Of his extreames neither alowe he can The cleane foole, nor the filthy honest man.



Epigr. 12. De Læto & Bito.

Latus doth pittie Bitus for his wantes,
And low desires, & meane hopes, & poore fare:
For small house and little houshold plantes.
For his plainnesse, and for his honest care,
Bitus doth pittie Latus happinesse,
And his great house, sweet friend's & dangers store,
His heedlesse good and steepe presumptuousnesse,
His merry heart and thoughts aspyring more.
Thus each do see into the others woe.
But Bitus is more mercifull of the two.

Epigr. 13.

I Ndie newe found the Christian faith doth holde, Reioycing in our heauenly merchandize. Which we have chang'd for pretious stones & gold G 3 And





And pearle and feathers, and for Popingyes.

Now are they louing, meeke and vertuous,
Contented, fweetly with poore godlinesse.

Nowe are we faluage, fierce and barbarous,
Rich with the suell of all wickednesse.

So did Elishaes seruant Gehazye,
With Naamans goold, buy Naamans leprosye.

Epigr. 14.

Roundle his face, vndonne his faithfull eyes, And fearde his throate with many a scalding sipp, Of Ala fortis where his treasure lies.

Onely his nose remaines to comfort him, Which hath encroacht ore all the partes beside, Erecting Trophees ore his conquered chinn.

Fayre crested, tall, voluminous and wide.

Vnder



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Vnder whose cou'ring his face lyeth low. Tanquam sub Aiacis clypeo.

Eigr. 15. De lue Mahometica.

When Pan forfooke the mountaines & the rocks, where he did leade his heards, & his great flocks And that fweete pipe to which the hils did dance, Was fplit a funder, a most wofull chance. And the worldes heart was smitten in her brest, And the bright Sunne, declined in the East. And the blinde Locustes, crau'de no other light, Then for their Sunne the black pits smoaking night. Sodome forsooke her sea, where she lay dead. And with Gomorrhe all Asia overspread.

G4 Epigr.



Epigr. 16. Ad Reginam. Elizabetham.

When in thy flowring age thou did'ft beginne, Thy happy reigne, Eliza, bleffed Queene. Then as a flowre thy country gan to fpring, All things as after winter waxed greene:

No riper time shakes of thy flowring yeeres, Thy greennesse stayes, our budd continueth.

No age in thee or winters face appeares.

And as thou, so thy country florisheth.

As if that greennesse and felicitie,
Thy land did giue, which it receiues from thee.

Epigr. 17.

The Sonn which shines amid the heaue so bright, And guides our eyes to heauen by his light: Will





Will not be gazde on of a fleshly eye:

But blinds that sight which dares to see so hye:

Euen he doth tell vs that heauen doth require,

Far better eyes of them which would see higher.

Epigr. 18. Ad Comitem Effexiæ, de expeditione in Hispaniam.

BEing in armes, how did'ft thou furiously,
With fire and sword thy trembled hand display
Which did'ft become after the victory.
Sweete to the captiues, gentle to the pray?
Teach Spaine, Deurox, as thou hast well begunn
Not to dare fight, but dare to b'ouercome.

Epigr. 19. Ad eundem

Esing her a fleepe with ioyfull victories.

Leaue





Leaue to her enemies despaire and strife.

Wake them with wofull wars, and fearfull cries.

Of conquering vs how fowly doe they misse.

Which feele our force, and enuy at our blisse.

Epigr. 20.

Sheepe haue eate vp our medows & our downes,
Our corne, our wood, whole villages & townes,
Yea, they haue eate vp many wealthy men,
Besides widowes and Orphane childeren.
Besides our statutes and our iron lawes,
Which they haue swallowed down into their maws,
Till now I thought the prouerbe did but iest,
Which said a blacke sheepe was a biting beast.



bébébébébé

Epigr. 21.

My lowe enditing feeketh not to raife. Heres no inuention to fet thee forth. Here is no painted ftile, no borrowed phraife. Yet breathing tables fweetly thee refemble, And thy fayre image dwels in liuing hearts:

But leaft fucceeding ages should dissemble, And time obscure the glory of thy partes.

While thou dost live give life vnto my pen, Which when thou dyest will pay it the agen.

Epigr. 22. Ad Lectorem.

REader, I grant I doe not keepe the lawes,
Of riming in my verse: but I have cause:
I turne the pleasure of the ende sometimes,
Least he that likes them not should call the rymes.

Epigr.





Epigr. 23. De tribus pueris in fornace ignea.

Which walking in the fornace thou did'st see? Was each an Angel, or an heauenly starre, Aboue the act of natures soueraigntie? Were they three wedges of the finest goold, Which the heauens treasurer doth so desire? Or had they power to turne the heat to colde? Were they three Salamanders in the fire? The slame was martyred with her heat spent, And the fire suffred for the innocent.

Epigr. 24. Epitaphum Cannij.

OF fighting Cannius here lye the bones, Which neuer received the lye but ones.

He





He thought to avenge him; he drew forth his fword. He ventured his life vpon a bare word.

Now I say he lyeth, in him the cause is, Had he tane that lye, he had not tane this.

Epigr. 25.

Ovr Water Drake long feas, strange ieopardies, Farr countries, great attempts have overtane. Hee payde his life there, whence his glory came, Adorne him *India* for in thee he lies,

We have a worthier worthy of our state.

And would not leave our Water for our Drake.

Epigr. 26. ...

The Park of the Park of

I Ndie which so long fearde, now hath our Drake, Her feare lyes buried in her golden fands.

Which





Which we will oft reuisite for his sake,

Till we have ransomde him out of her handes.

You which will venter for a goolden pray,

Go on brave lads, by Water is your way.

Epigr. 27. In cultum reliquiarum.

To feeke thee in thy Tombe fweete Ielu when, The women with their oyntment haftened: Two Angels did appeare, forbidding them To feeke thee liuing there among the dead. Did Rome by diving in the tombes of faintes, But feeke the living whence they now are fled, Yet might they heare the Angels making plaint. Seeke not the living Rome among the dead. But to tye holy worshipp to dead bones. To bowe religion to the wicked trust Of crosses, reliques, ashes, stickes and stones.

To





To throwe downe liuing men to honour duft: Is not to feeke, but like *Mezentius* rather, To ioyne the liuing and the dead together.

Epigr. 28. Epitap. Richardi Pinuer.

Here lyes Dicke Pinner. O vngentle death, Why didst thou rob Dick Pinner of his breath For living he by scraping of a pinn:
Made better dust then thou hast made of him.

Epigr. 29. Ad Lectorem.

R Eader but halfe my labour is expirde,
And Poet, matter, witt and all are tyrde.
Thrife fiftie labours haue worne out my veyne,
An hundred meanings and an halfe remayne,

Here





Heere would I rest were my first worke to doe. VVere the last at an end, heere would I to.

Epigr. 30.

MElus was taught to speake, to read, to write. Yet clerkly sooth he can do none of these. He learned Logicke and Arithmetique. Yet neither brauls nor ciphers worth a peaze. The musicke schoole did teach him her sweet art. He dealt with Rhetorique and Astrologie. Yet nether can he chaunt it for his part, Ne can he tell a tale, or prophesie,

And yet he rides as scholerlike (tis thought)
As neuer any: yet was neuer taught.

Epigy.





Epigr. 31. De Francisco Walsingham & Philppo Sidneio Equit.

Sir Francis and fir Philip, have no Toombe, Worthy of all the honour that may be. And yet they lye not fo for want of roome, Or want of loue in their posteritie. Who would from liuing hearts vntombe such ones, To bury vnder a fewe marble stones? Vertue dyes not, her tombe we neede not raise, Let the trust tombs which have outliu'd their praise.

Epigr. 32.

When I beholde with deepe aftonishment, To famous Westminster how there resorte, Living in brasse or stony monyment. The princes and the worthies of all sorte.

H

Doe





Doe not I see reformde Nobilitie. Without contempt or pride, or oftentation? And looke vpon offenfelesse Maiesty, Naked of pompe or earthly domination? And howe a play-game of a painted stone, Contents the quiet now and filent spirites. Whome all the world which late they flood vpon, Could not content nor fquench their appetites, Life is a frost of cold felicity.

And death the thawe of all our vanitie.

Epigr. 33.

"He first and riper world of men and skill, Yeeldes to our later time for three inuentions. Miracolously we write, we faile, we kill, As neither ancient fcroll nor ftory mentions, Printe. The first, hath open'd learnings old conceald,

And



bébébébébébé

And obscurde arts restored to the light,
The second hidde countries hath reuealed,
And sent Christes Ghospell to each living wight,
These we commend, but O what needed more.
To teach death more skill then it had before,

Loade stone

Gunns

Epigr. 34. Ad Iohannem Reynolds.

DOE I call iudgement to my foolish rimes,
And rarest art and reading them to viewe,
Reynoldes: Religions Oracle most true.
Mirrour of arte, and Austen of our times?
For loue of these I call thee, which I pray,
That thou in reading these would'st put away.

Epigr. 35.

I Sawe a naked corple spread on the ground. Ouer the dead I sawe the living fight.

H 2

If





If euer ought my fenses did confound,
Or touch my heart, it was this wofull fight,
To wound the graue, to dare the dead to dye.
To sprinkle life on ashes putrifide.
To weepe with blood, to mourne with villanie,
To looke on death and not be mortifide.
Such funerals if we sustaine to keepe,
I thinke the dead will rife, and for vs weepe.

Epigr. 36.

Chito and Trogus finn th'extremitie,
Chito of pride, Trogus of gluttonie
Chito will weare his dinner on his backe.
Trogus will eate his fhoes rather then lacke.
Chito hath earthen plate, but golden cuts:
Tragus hath a freize coate, but veluet guts.



Epigr. 37. De Gualtero Deurox in expeditione gallica cæfo

Thonour and bliffe Deurox thou didft aspyre,
By worthy means, though fortune not thy friend
Tooke from thy loyes, what vertue did desire,
To give thy life: but paide thee in thine ende.
Onely at this thy country doth repine,
That her reloycing is not loynde with thine.

Epigr. 38. Ad Lectorem.

HAd I my wish contented I should be, Though nether rich nor better then you see. For tis not wealth nor honour that I craue, But a short life, Reader, and a long graue.

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Epigr. 39. Ad Henricum Wottonem.

Worder whose foot the silver Trowt doth swim The Trowt silver without and goold within, Bibbing cleere Nestar, which doth aye destill From Nulams lowe head; there the birds are singing And there the partiall Sunnne still gives occasion, To the sweete dewes eternall generation:

There is greene ioy and pleasure ever springing, O iron age of men, O time of rue.

Shame ye not that all things are goold but you?

Epigr. 40.

MY merry exercifes of conceipt, When I was once in a feuerer veyne.

Had

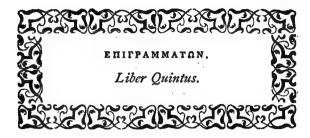




Had felt one dash, my fury was so great,
Vp was my pen and scarse could I refraine,
When two or three bespeake which I lik't best,
And for their sakes I pardon'd all the rest.

Finis Libri quarti.





Epigr. 1 Ad Do. Mountioy.

Mounting if I have praifed worthy men,
And with fafe liberty contented me,
Touching no states with my presumptious pen:
If from all secret biting I am free.
I hope I shall not loose thy patronage,
If I doe lawfull thinges and voyde of seare,
If hunt the Fox if bring the Ape on stage,
If I doe whip a curr or baite the Beare,
For these are exercises of such sorte,
As ly alike to earnest and to sporte.





Epigr. 2. Ad Lectorem.

AN heauie book reader my weary pen,
Doth here present to thee, which doth containe
The faultes and euils of so many men,
With which my paper doth euen sinke againe.
They haue confest their sinnes into my booke,
Which here vnloaded, all they haue forsaken.
Now for newe faults and errours they must looke.
Cleere of the olde which I haue vndertaken.
If I keepe them, their record will remaine.
If I doe not, they will returne againe.

Epigr. 3.

Though choise of faultes, and purest vice selected Be my bookes subject here by me detected:

Yet he that blames the writer is not wise.

He gives vice a person, not persons vice.





Epigr. 4. In Getam.

Eta from wooll and weauing first beganne, Swelling and swelling to a gentleman. When he was gentleman, and brauely dight He lest not swelling till he was a knight. At last, (forgetting what he was at furst) He swole to be a Lord: and then he burst.

Epigr. 5. In Seuerum.

SEuerus hath no touch of eloquence.
He can not double with a strayne of witt.
A ridled sentence floates aboue his sense.
Figures are misteries and farre vnsitt.
Well mett Seuerus, for to tell ye true.
This is a booke of vulgars made for you.





Epigr. 6. In Candidum.

When my friend Candidus was in diftreffe, Me thought I ioyed true felicitie.

To loue his woe it was my happineffe.

And to feele halfe of my friends mifery.

But when his fortune turnd about her wheele.

And melancholy good did ourtake him,

I was no fitt companion for his weale.

From thence began my woe and my forfaking.

For now he keepes the good as cruellie.

As franke of late he fpent the euill on me.

Epigr. 7. In Thymum.

Thymus doth speake how all the fathers olde, Were men, & therfore thinks he may be bold. He blusheth not S. Austen to disgrace. Ambrose, and Ierome, when he comes in place. He cytes S. Bernarde and S. Gregorie,

And





And then Cassers them of his homely.

He names S. Chrysostome with much a doe.

And of the fathers Greeke, more, one or two.

All these by speaking Thymus doth defame.

And would abuse more if he knew their name.

Epigr. 8. In Cacum.

Cacus though nothing but a loafe perdy,
He fett before his hungry friends at boorde:
Yet he prates of the finn of gluttony,
And how that furfeyt kils more than the fworde,
How three at Belinfgate with Oysters dy'de
Howe fixe vpon one Cabidge furfeyted.
Of these he prates and many moe beside
Fearing least we should furfeite on his bread.
Cacus have donne, for we may surfeite heare
Well with thy words, but hardly with thy cheare.

Epigr.



bébébébébé

Epigr. 9.

R Ichard gaue money vnto Christopher,
Which should but say he was an vsurer.
For though poore Richard neuer yet coulde lend,
Neither could borrow of his deerest friend:
Yet he did thinke the name of vsurie.
Should gett him creditt, wealth and honesty.
O wretched age of ours, O times accurst.
We are ashamd'e of all shames saue the worst.

Epigr. 10. In Mirum.

R Eader be iudge betweene Mirus and me, And as thou iudgest it, so it shall be. I blame vnseemely things with modesty. He railes vpon me most reprochfully. I rayle at none, but having shewde the vice,

Onely





Onely commend the good, and warne the wife.

Should I commend the bad? but that were finne,

Should I dispraise the good? that would please him;

Should I write nothing, and my pen refraine?

There is so much matter, who can abstaine?

Epigr. 11. In Seuerum.

SEuerus notes how euery verse begins,
And still he saith, he findes lesse ads then ins,
Lesse ads then ins? why should it not be so?
If men be nought is it my fault or no?
Or should I praise vice, and commend a spott?
Beare witnesse reader I commend it not.
And yet I spare it, but I spare it so,
I giue a great Asse but a little blow.





Epigr. 12. In Bardum.

Bardus eates crusts and shrids of Barly bread, Parings of cheese, and drippings of the meate. Steru'de mutton, beese with soote bemartelled. And skinn and bones: all these will Bardus eate. He ends the loase, he sleas the cheese, (O teeth) And when the bones dance naked then he praies. He makes the soote smooke out of rusty beese, And that which hunger kilde, his hunger stayes,

And yet his father is no dogge I fee. His father is not, but his fonne may be.

Epigr. 13.

A Knot of mariage legitimate,
Was knitt betweene Fausta and Fortunate.
She had enterred husbands seauen before.

He





He foure and three wives buried and no more. And now they ftrive which of them shall die furst, For in my iudgement neither is the worst.

Phistion Lanio if he should come thether,
He would perhaps vnknitt them both together.

Epigr. 14. Thymum.

Thymus hath finnde the finne of fymony.

Both for himselfe and all posteritie.

He hath made cleane dispache and quite remou'd That holy land, so long so deerely lou'de:

Better for their soules health prouide who coulde, Which shall not finn hereafter though they would?

I Epigr.





Epigr. 15. In Castorem.

After at every fashions new disguise,
Is mou'de to speake, (the cause doth so require.
And vanity doth so offend his eyes)
How men like monsters wander in attyre.
But the same fashions which he so did scoffe,
Long after like repentance he doth weare.
After the brauer sorte haue cast them off.
Like sashions counting booke, or regesture.
Or like an Epitaph, which still doth cry.
Loa here the ende of all our brauerie.

Epigr. 16. In Brillum.

BRillus is neither proud nor timerous, Nor of the fwearing cutt, as many be. He is not false, he is not couetous,

He





He is not amorous, he is not he. He is not given to the finn of wine. And yet he is not honest for all this, How euer fecretly he doth decline. I cannot but commend him for the misse.

Epigr. 17 In S. Q. C. &c.

Extus and Quintus, Caius, and the rest, Looke for their commendations with the best. Quintus hath a large house, which may containe, Three Lords, with roome to spare, & al their traine; Sextus hath corne and all provision meete, To vittaile, if need should require a fleete. Caius by th'yeare a thousand pounds may spend, Dacus may loane three thousand to his friend.

How could I praise these, lesse I vnderstood, The future tense of the potentiall moode? I 2



Epigr. 18.

Wonderfull scarsety will shortly ensue, Of Butchers, of Bakers, of all fuch as brewe. Of Tanners, of Taylers, of Smithes and the reft. Of all occupations that can be expref'd, In the yeare of our Lorde, fix hundred and ten.

I thinke: for all these will be Gentlemen.

Epigr. 19. in Philonem.

DHilo if naked loue you aske of me. White loue, cleare loue, and fuch as loued was Of our forefathers in fimplicity: Then loue and looke on me, I am your glaffe. This cuts you off: your friend, must fawne & flatter. Nay more then this, your friend must you beelie: I to your face: and that for no small matter,

But





But for your woorth, your witt and honesty.

This cuts me of: the cause if you require,

I would not have my friend prove me a lyar.

Epigr. 20. In Nisum & Mopsam.

M Ifus and Mopfa hardly could agree, Striuing about superioritie.

The text which sayth that man and wife are one. Was the chiefe argument they stoode vpon.

She held they both one woman should become. He held both should be man, and both but one. So they contended dayly, but the the strife, Could not be ended, till both were one wife.

Epigr. 21. In Gillonem.

You which have forrows hidde bottom founded, And felt the ground of teares and bitter moane.







You may conceive how Gilloes heart is wounded, And iudge of his deepe feeling by your owne. His toothlesse wise then she was left for dead. When grave and all was made, recovered.

Epigr. 22. In Lanionem medicum.

Phisition Lanio neuer will forsake,
His golden patiente while his head doth ake:
When he is dead farewell, he comes not there.
He hath not cause, nor courage to appeare.
He will not looke vpon the face of death,
Nor bring the dead vnto her mother earth.
I will not say, but if he did the deede,
He must be absent, lesse the corpse should bleed.





Epigr. 23. in Dacum.

DAcus hath all things that he can defire,
He hath fayre land, and yellow goold to fpare.
The good of which God knows he comes not nere
But pickes out paine, and feedeth on the care.
He will not warme his backe with one good coate
Nor fpend one penny to offend his ftore.
He will not feaft his belly with a groate.
Hunger and he, are matches and no more.
Heele taft no fweete of all his happinesse,
Belike he knowes his owne vnworthinesse.

Epigr. 24.

Or peruerse age doth recon least of all, Of the true noble, plaine, and liberall. And giveth honour most injurious.

I 4

Vnto





Vnto the base, craftie and couetous. What makes the good repine? what wrongs the wise? What is the spoyle of all? fortunate vice.

Epigr. 25. in Timonem.

Timon is ficke of feuen which deadly be.
And yet not like to die for ought I fee.
He hath the foggie finn of Ale and cakes.
He hath the finn of lace and fuftniapes,
He hath the feeing finn the heartes great'st woe,
And yet he hath the finn, of winken to.
He hath the sparrowes finn, & these which follow,
He hath, he hath, the redd finn and the yellow.





Epigr. 26. In Septimium.

SEptimius doth excell for daintie cheere, His diet is olde Mutton and new beere. And fugred mustard and sweete vinegeere.

Epigr. 27. In Cophum.

Cophus doth liue as if he could bestowe,
Life on his friende, and life vpon his foe.
As if he had a life to sport and play.
As if he had a life to cast away.
As if he had change of liue, and life did sound.
Not as one farthing of his thousand pound.
As if his landes were wondrous large and great.
And life but one small dust to that huge heape.
Yet life is all his goold, and all his land.
Himselfe and all, if he did vnderstand.



bebebebebe

Epigr. 28. Translatum ex Martiali.

N Eighbours, I meruaile much to fee your strife, Since ye are so well matcht, so like of life, A most vile husband, a most wicked wife.

Epigr. 29. In Lalum.

And quickneth reason with refined spirits.

But your conceipt is dull and nothing such,

Lalus; I thinke you wett your mind to much.

Epigr. 30. In Castorem.

The gooldsmith guildeth siluer, tinn or brasse, The painter paints on wood or baser stone. What gooldsmith guilded goold that euer was?





What painter euer painted rubies? none.

But Castor paints himselfe, and thinks it good.

To steale away his pictures praise from wood:

Epigr. 31. In Lotum.

Lotus owes little vnto memory,
He will forget his purfe, his cloake, his hat.
I, both a good turne and an iniury.
His friend, himfelfe, and more I know not what.
Nothing remaines of all things more and leffe,
To be forgotten, but forgetfulnesse.

Epigr. 32. In Momum.

H Earing my fhort writs, Momus faith of me, Why should not I endite as well as he?

As



bebebebebe

As well as I *Momus?* so mought ye doe, Rather then I should write as well as you.

Epigr. 33. in Vlyssem.

VLysses having scapt the ocean floood.

Twise ten yeares pilgrimage in foreyn landes.

And the sweete deathes of Syrens tunde with blood,

And Cyclops iawes, and Circes charming handes:

Comes home, and seeming safe, (as he mistakes)

He steps awrie, and fals in to Aiax.

Epigr. 34. in Medonta.

TOward my marte, *Medon*, I will faid I Prefent you with a booke (but you refused) Which for your kindnesse fake I did denie. Then you repinde as being more abused.

And





And cause you had of both to be asraide. Whether it were to paie, or to be paide.

Epigr. 35.

WIth charge of foules as Polititians fay,
Poffesse one clerke should but one benefice.
But without charge of soules, we see how they.
Sticke not to lay vp, sowre and seauen apiece.
We clerkes would keepe one liuing and no moe.
So you which are not clerks would keepe but two.

Epigr. 36. in festum.

TEll Festus that this mirth and iollitie,
These suts these feasts, this daily flocking to him.
This gameling and this wanton luxurie,
This carelessenesse, this free heart will vndoe him.

He





He cannot heare, his wits are not his owne,
But his fweete fortunes, whose commaund is fuch,
That Festus senses quite are ouerthrowne,
Since she gaue him of hers, a little too much.
Then why aduise you him? let it suffice,
That he doth that himselfe must make him wise.

Epigr. 37. In Asbestum.

Hlorus was greene, when in his tenderneffe, Asbestus did contemne his littleneffe. Yet he did force his buds, and wreake his spite Vpon his leaues before his fruite was ripe. When thou bar'ft fruite Chlorus, as little tree, Then did Asbestus pull thy fruite from thee. Till time drew on, which did his rage impeach, And bare thy fruite on high, aboue his reach:

Then



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Then other meanes, by malice, he had none, To worke reuenge, but hang himselfe thereon.

Epigr. 38. in Scillam.

N O enemie of Scillas can accuse him, Of any wrong or villanie pretended. Of any prouocation or abusing, Or the least cause why they should be offended. Yet Scilla hath a fault to make amendes. He will abuse none but his deerest friends.

Epigr. 39. in Merum.

M Erus doth reconcile Philosophie,
To bellies want and backes necessitie.
This Moone will cause much appetite of meat,
The outward colde doubling the inward heate.

Shew



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Shew him your flocke: and he will vndertake,
How many ierkins all their wooll will make.
Shew him an hundred beeues: heele make a plaine
Account, how many dinners they contayne.
Drinke you Tabaccho nere fo fecretly,
Yet by the fmoake heele tell the quantitie.

Epigr. 40. in Castorem.

After doth grauely shake his holow beard,
And talkes of pollicy and seates of warre.

Matters of state and rule, I am afearde,
He mindes to be some princes counseller.

Yet many misse which ayme in such a sort,
I thinke heele neuer be but of the court.





Epigr. 40.

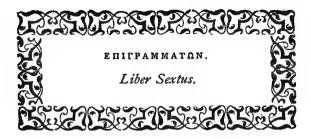
Some vnderstand my meaning as it is:
Some vnderstand it worse; againe some better:
They doe me right which read, and doe not misse.
But to the other two I am a detter.

The best I will requite the best I may. The worst shall trust me if I cannont pay.

Finis Libri quinti.



K



Epigr. 1. Ad Lectorem.

Some mirth doth please, to some it is offence.
Some will haue vices toucht, some none of that,
Some will haue sleight coceipt, some deeper sense,
Some will haue this, and some they know not what,
And he which must please all and himselse to,
Reader, I thinke something he hath to doe.

Epigr. 2. In Carum.

Arus abuseth me and faith I fill, My papers with fond trifles and delightes. Would I could make so well as he can spill.

K 2

Yet





Yet is there something more in my short writs. For tell me Carus, if I be so vaine,
As of meere courtesy you say I am:
Where did I borrow of an idle brain?
What common iest lent me an Epigram?
And yet I can be plaine, do not mistake.
But if I be, it shall be for your sake.

Epigr. 3. Ad Do. Mountioy.

NO Helicone Mountioy, no Castale well, Shall wett my tongue to make thy praises last: Thy praises they themselues so sweetly tell, Welling forth from thy vertues sount so fast. That even the muses hence might sett supply. To wett their tongues, if Helicone were dry.



bébébébébébé

Epigr. 4. Ad Rodulphum Horsee, equit.

Horfee, my flender muse not learn'd to flye,
But learn'd to speake, & country songs to sing:
Shall give thy name winges of eternitie.
And living glory to thine ashes bring:
Thou which did'st feed the home bred poets pen,
And cheered'st vp his sad and heavy muse,
Take thy reward among no vulgar men,
And these sewe greeting lines doe not resuse,
Which have no other duety to impart:
Then t'answere high desarts with humble art.

Epigr. 5. in Philonem.

Philo, you loue a while vnfainedly.

But when with wrath enraged is your vaine,
Then you reueale what euer fecretly,

 \mathbf{K}_{3}

The



bebebebebe

The bosome of our friendship did containe.

Loue Captaynes *Philo* and *Italians*:

Fencers, fouldiers and the gallant crewe.

And having tam'de your friendship by their hande,

Bring it to me and I will honour you.

Or if ye dare not loue to fuffer wrong,

Then loue me *Philo*, but without a tongue.

Epigr. 6. ad Thomam Egerton equitem, custodem magni sigilli.

Esing to thy praises most melodiously.

And register thee to eternitie:

Forbidding thee as thou dost them to perish.

And artes praise the, and she which is aboue,

Whom thou aboue all artes dost so protect.

And for her sake all sciences respect.

Artes



BEBEBEBEBE

Arts foueraigne miftreffe, whom thy foule doth loue Thus you as ftars in earth and heauen shine. Thou hers on earth, and she in heauen thine.

Epigr. 7. In prophanationem nominis Dei.

Ods name is bare of honour in our hearing,
And even worne out with our blasphemous
Betweene the infant & the aged both
The first and last they vtter, is an oath.
O hellishe manners of our prophane age.
Iehovahs seare is scost vpon the stage,
The Minicke iester, names it every day.
Vnlesse God be blasphem'de, it is no play.

K 4





Epigr. 8.

When the great forests dwelling was so wide,
And carelesse wood grew fast by the fires side:
Then dogs did want the sheepherds field to keepe,
Now we want Foxes to consume our sheepe.

Epigr. 9.

They fay the vourer Mifus hath a mill, Which men to powder grindeth cruelly. But what is that to me? I feare no ill, For smaller then I am I cannot be.

Epigr. 10. De Philippo Hispaniæ Rege.

IF workes doe faue, happy king *Philip* is, He may fet heauen to fo high a prife.

Since





Since all the goold of *Indie* now is his,
That he alone may purchase Paradise,
But merits saue, so faith the Church of *Rome*.
And *Philip* doth belieue it verily,
With hired armes which renteth Christendome.
And with huge summes doth purchase villany
Gainst princes heads, these are his pretious balmes,
Fy *Rome*; teach you your king to give such almes?

Epigr. 11. In Thymum.

A Mong abuses which you speake vnto,
And iustly discommend (I know you doe.)
(For vice is stronge, and which I wonder more,
By multiplying stronger then before)
The paynting of the face which you detest,
Is one, and not the least among the rest.

But





But you paint fermons to Gods wordes difgrace, *Thymus I* would you did but paint your face.

Epigr. 12.

The wicked wound vs, yet aske why we bleede, The wicked fmite vs, yet aske why we cry: They clip our winges, and yet would haue vs flye. They aske more bricke, yet take away our reede. And these not *Pharaohs* out of *Ægypt* spronge, But our owne *Israelites* which doe this wrong. And we from stranger countries hauing rest, In our sweete *Canaan* are thus opprest.

Epigr. 13.

There is no fish in brookes little or great,

And why? for all is fish that comes to nett.

The





The small eate sweete, the great more daintely. The great will seeth or bake, the small will srye. For rich mens tables serue the greater sish. The small are to the poore a daintie dish, The great are at their best, and serue for store. The small once tane, keepe or you catch no more. We must thanke ponds, for rivers we have none. The sowle swim in the brook, the sish are slowne.

Epigr. 14. De Piscatione.

Fishing, if I a fisher may protest,
Of pleasures is the sweet'st, of sports the best,
Of exercises the most excellent.
Of recreations the most innocent.
But now the sport is marde, and wott ye why?
Fishes decrease, and fishers multiply.





Epigr. 15.

Content feedes not, one glory, or one pelfe, Content can be contented with her felfe.

Epigr. 16. Ad Samuelem Danielem.

Daniell, befide the subject of thy verse, With thy rich vaine and stile adorned so. Besides that sweetnes with which I confesse, Thou in thy proper kinde dost ouerslowe. Me thinkes thou steal'st my Epigrams away, And this small glory for which now I waite. For reading thee me thinks thus would I say. This hits my vaine, this had beene my conceipt. But when I come my selfe to doe the like, Then pardon me, for I am sarre to seeke.





Epigr. 17. In Sextum.

Sextus vpon a fpleen, did, rashly sweare, That no newe fashion he would euer weare. He was forsworne for see what did ensue, He wore the olde, till the olde was the newe.

Epigr. 18. in Scillam.

Scilla were I in loue with brauerie,
With caualeers, and with the gallant crew.
With captaines, foldiers, and fuch men as you
I neuer would forfake the company.
But if a word paffe vnaduifedly.
If eyther ieft or earnest please you not.
Out slies the dagger, friendship is forgot.
Stabbing is but a common courtesye.
And though the stranger catch it now and than,
The





The newe acquaintance at his first repaire,
And he that meets you in the street or fayre.
Yet for the most your friend is your first man,
How should I dare loue him, which dares defend,
He is no man which dares not stab his friend?

Epigr. 19.

Alus was noted for vaine talke and prating, Carus for drinking and Tobaccho taking. When they both dy'de and were ript vp apart, One had no breath, the other had no heart.

Epigr. 20. In hospitem quendam.

M Ine hoast Porsenna, when I am with you. I must praise all, though all be out of fashion. Or else mine hoast will fight and his friendes to.

And





And his friends friends, & all the generation, I dranke bad beere, my throate can fay no leffe. I fay fo now, I durft not fay fo then, I fupt with clownes, rough, rude and mannerleffe. But I must fay, t'were courteous gentlemen, I praised your building (if I may so terme it.) Your hilly prospect & your pasture thinne. Your ayre, your language, though I could not learne And all your pedegree, and all your kinn.

But iustly was I plaug'de for this I thinke.

For see, when I came home my breath did stinke.

Epigr. 21. in Cinnam.

CInna tolde a long tale to no effect,
Ile fay fo much quoth Scilla in a worde.
That happy worde we longing did expect.
And forth it came as leafure could afford,

Which





Which when we heard much like the cuckoes fong The tale was short, and *Scillas* worde was long.

Epigr. 22. Ad Robertum Wiliams.

He which doth loue, nor more nor leffe then this. He is my friend *VVilliams* and I am his.

Epigr,



bebebebebebe

Epigr. 23.

First Clerus by fayre flattrye Princes sought,
Then was cast of to the Nobilitie.
He flattred them till he was set at nought,
And was thrust downe to the gentilitie;
Now he speakes sayre to them and th'yeomanrye.

Epigr. 24.

Che Abbeyes who that liues doth not despise, Which knew their fall & knows they cannot rise? And I despise the new, because I see. They were, but are not; these will neuer be. But wer't not sinne, and might I be so bold, I would desire one newe for many olde.

 \mathbf{L}





Epigr. 25.

The Spaniardes are a warlike nation,
We are more warlike as they know and feare,
But they are strong to make inuasion.
But we more strong to chase them every where,
But they have multitudes to make supplye.
We are more peopled, suller of fresh blood.
They love their Prince and country zealously.
But we more zealous for our soveraignes good.
Yet we should feare them for our wickednesse.
They are more wicked, here we onely lesse.

Epigr. 26. in Papam.

THe Pope; when tender health her infan't fense, Receiueth from the now approaching Sunne. And new borne blood of heauens influence:

With





With prime of life to bloffome hath begunne, Forbids all flesh and sweeter nutriment, Which sappy Nature to lifes roote would laye. Yea he forbids meates most indifferent. Egs, cheese, butter and milke, and all saue hey. He not content, false wolfe, (as others doe) To kill the soule, would kill the body to.

Heriti ques

Epigr. 27. Ad Reginam Elizabetham.

Loue, the fweete band of thy defired reigne,
From thine owne heart, is fo fhedd into many.
As owd'e of all, can not be payde of any.
Leaft all in one vnited fhould contayne.
Such loue in fuch an heart as nere was any.
Which would to loue thee, yet wish it felfe many.

L 2



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Epigr. 28. Ad Lectorem.

Recause by hundreds they are flocking here. I reade an hundred pamphlets; for my life Could I finde matter for two verses there? Two hundred ballets yeelded me no more, Besides barraine reading and conference. Besides whole legends of the rustie store, Of stories and whole volumes voyde of sense. And yet the Printer thinkes that he shall leese, Which buyes my Epigrams at pence a peece.

Epigr. 29. Epitap. Iocobi Iugler.

And was not death a flurdie ftrugler, In ouerthrowing Iames the iugler?

Which



bebebebebeb

Which when he liu'de small trueth did vse, That here he lies may be no newes.

Epigr. 30.

Pon the plaine as I rode all alone,
Affaulted by two fturdie lads I was.
I am a poore man Sires, let me be gone.
Nay, but ye shall be poore before ye passe.
And so I was: yet lost nothing thereby.
Would they had robde me of my pouerty.

Epigr. 31.

DAdus payde deare for learning, but the time Did crosse him so, he could not have his foorth. For when he was by study a Divine. And at his best; learning was nothing worth.

L 3

Is





Is learning nothing worth fo deerly bought,
Which could buy all things when it was in prime?
Sett we the goolden sciences at nought.
And sell we heaven for earth, and goolde for slime?
Yet were I Dadus I would not repent.
A schollers want excels a clownes content.

Epigr. 32. Epitaphium Iohannis Coferer.

Here lyes *Iohn Coferer* and takes his rest. Nowe he hath changde a cofer for a chest.

Epigr. 33.

APilgrim beggar on a day,
Did meete a Lorde vpon the way.
I trust your honour will be good,

As





As was my dreame last night by th'roode. For why me thought a per'lous thing, Vpon a foddaine ch'was a King. Helpe him, which had his dreame beene trewe Last night, mought donne so much for you. The Lord replying answered than: O happy dreame, O wretched man, And happy man, although but poore. If thou had'ft neuer waked more. And yet thy fancy was not meane Beggar, I enuie at thy dreame. This answere made the beggar prate, Sir take my dreame for your estate. This much your reason will afforde. Sleepe you a King, Ile wake a Lorde. Thus every state receives his punishment. The poore of want, the rich of discontent.

L 4



bebebebebe

Epigr. 34. In Titum.

Thus is fast and hath no starting waies,
As fast, as is the naile driven to the head.
Or as pale goold kept vnder many keyes.
Or as a trueloue knott well hampered.
Not for his vertue enuie did this deed.
Nor for his vice he suffereth of the lawes,
(For good and euill both hurt if they exceed.)
But for his word and for no other cause.
He plaints vnto his friends, and cries, O Lord.
I am kept, for not keeping of my word.

Epigr. 35.

A Ntiquitie, of learning holding deare
Made vawtes, and goodly shrines to close it in.
And raisde her stately pillars yeare by yeare.

To





To make her outfides answere that within.
Our age hath razd those goodly moniments.
And pearst the temples where the muses lay,
To all succeeding times assonishment.
Digging for ignorance out of their clay.
Yet spare that little which is not defast,
While her decayes doe suffer her to stand:
You which that ritch and pretious balme do wast,
Which did so sweetly smell in all our land:
And for your Prince, and countries sake relent.
Yours is the sinne, there is the punishment.

Epigr. 36.

IN quiet sleepe a iudgement seat I sawe, Two brought as guilty to their triall, when The quest was charged according to the lawe To give their verditt on these filly men.

But



bebebebebebe

But by the iury he which had donne ill,
Acquited was, the innocent betrayde.
Then ftoode I vp (although I had no skill,
To pleade before a iudge,) and this I faid,
This is no iurie things of right to trye,
But to fay trueth, this is an iniurie.

Epigr. 37.

IF I dreame Epigrams, I doe as they.
Which vie to dreame of what they did the day,

Epigr. 38. Ad Georgium Morton, armig. de Truta a se capta.

Morton how foolish was this filly trowte, Which quickly sawe, and pertly plaide about The little flye, of bignesse of a pinn.

But





But ouerfawe the fisher and his ginn.
So men doe oft which greedy are of gaine.
Eyde to their profit, but blinde to their paine.

Epigr. 39. De Richardo Tharltono.

Who taught me pleafant follies, can you tell?
I was not taught and yet I did excell.
T'is harde to learne without a prefident.
T'is harder to make folly excellent.
I fawe, yet had no light to guide mine eyes.
I was extold for that which all despife.

Epigr 40. De Barnei Poesi.

BArneus verse, (vnlesse I doe him wrong,)
Is like a cupp of sacke, heady and strong.





Epigr. 41.

Ocuus now olde and spent, and hard bestead.

Taking much trauaile for a little bread.

Wisheth for youth in which he could endure,

To toyle, and sweate, and labour euery hower.

As if Prometheus eaten vp with paine.

Should wish his heartsresh to be gnawne againe.

Epigr. 42. Ad Guilielmum Arnoldum.

A Rnold, the fathers Oracles profound,
Sinke deep into mens hearing whē we cite them.
And fometimes Poets verses beare such ground,
As great divines divinely do recite them.
And though the summ & substace maine they beare
Whose settled studies yeeld that sweet encrease,
Yet sometimes with decorum we may heare.







A Poet speake, a father hold his peace. As when a father like a Poet creakes. And when a Poet like a father speakes.

Epigr. 43. In Seuerum.

Seuerus would not have me flacke my veyne,
Nor vary fense to divers kindes of writing.
Nor play with meanings which may ease my braine
And ease my reader if they doe not like him.
But I must racke my wits till all be spent,
That he may nothing but cry: excellent.

Finis Libri Sexti.





Epigr. 1. Ad Lectorem.

If thou thinke, Reader, that defire of gayne, Hath mou'de me to indite or ftir'de my veyne. Or rather if thou thinke I vndertake, To come vpon this stage for glories sake. Ile giue thee all that profitt and that praise. And make me but a Lawyer for three daies.

Epigr. 2. De Mathone,

M Atho bethought what life him best might fitt, For basenes sake he scornd all occupation. Studie he could not for he wanted witt.

And





And fight he durst not, hence he tooke occasion
To love; of all lives this life pleased him best:
Till love to all these euils him objected.
To labour, study, fighting and the rest,
More these by all, then ever he suspected.
Thus they endure, which live in lovers state.
For one thing lov'de, a thousand things they hate.

Epigr. 3. In Cophum.

Ophus is a fine dancer and a trimme.

A nimbler head to dance you have not feene.

Dance you he danceth, ceafe yet danceth he.

Praife or difpraife him, yet about will he.

When you are weary he will hold it out.

When he is weary, he will skippe about.

All that behold are weary, and are gone.

Yet Cophus danceth being left alone,

At





At last *Cophus* himsefe departes, but so. Me thinkes *Cophus* doth dance when he doth go.

Epigr. 4.

Sextus is thrall to goold, as many be, But hath it in his cheft, happy is he.

Dacus three ships do cut the Ocean waue.

What neede he grudge to be a goolden slaue?

Misse good land by coueting hath got.

I am a thrall to goold, and haue is not.

Epigr. 5. De Fortuna sua.

I See good Fortune runne before, As Palinurus fawe the shoare. And if I die before it hitch, Welfare mine eyes for they be rich.





Epigr. 6. Ad Thomam Strangwayes de Martialis Epigrammate, Aurum & opes & rura, &c.

Oold, wealth, and gleab, how many friends will But few in witt will giue place to their friend, Why Martiall? many haue goold wealth & gleab But few haue witt, if fo our ftrife hath ende.

And footh fe fayes Strangwaies, but yet I would, That I for want of witt might fay heers goold.

Epigr. 7. ad Lectorem.

Reader I warne thee, now the fecond time, Stand not vpon th'exactnes of my rime. I' admitt a fmall to shunn a great offence. Better ten rimes should perish then one sense.

M

Epigr.





Epigr. 8. In Carum.

When Carus dy'de these were the last he spake,
O friend's take heed, Tobaccho was my death.
You that can judge tell me for Carus sake,
He which dy'de so, dy'de he for want of breath?
If so he did, then I am more in doubt
How breath being taken in, may blow breath out?

Epigr. 9. De senectute & iuuentute.

AGe is deformed, youth vnkinde, We fcorne their bodies, they our minde.

Epigr. 10. Ad Iohannem Sooche.

Thou with the last sweete doctor nam'de by me, Of any of thy name first in desart.

First in my loue, first placed in mine heart.

Demaun-





Demaundest thou the cause what it may be?

To my desire invention seemed scant,

Which now doth set thee forth & yet doth want,

Epigr. 11. De nouo orbe.

The worlds great Peers & mighty conquerours
Whose sword hath purchas'de the eternal same
If they survived in this age of ours,
Might add more glory to their lasting name.
For him which Carthage sackt and overthrewe,
We have sound out another Africa.
Newe Gauls and Germaines Casar might subdue,
And Pompey great an other Asia.
But you O Christian Princes do not so.
Seeke not to conquer nations by the sworde,
Whom you may better quell and overthrowe,
By winning them to Christ and to his worde

M 2 Give

DEDEDEDEDEDE



Giue him the new worlde for olde Afias losse, And set not vp your standart, but his crosse.

Epigr. 12. De Moro & Caro patrono.

Orus presented to a fat benifice.
Condition'd with Carus but for the tenth sleece
Post twentie yeeres service his patron did grutch,
And said that the tenth of the tenth was to much.
A quarrell was picked, and sett was the day,
To sende insufficient Morus awaie:
When he was removed and quite disposses.
He shut up the matter with this bitter iest.
Bala-ming his patron which did him this wrong,
Am not I thine asse which have served thee thus long

Epigr. 13. ad reginam Elizabetham.

N Ow fourty folemn feafts, thine english nation. Fedd with sweet peace & plentie all the while. Hath





Hath yeelded to thy happy coronation.

O fayrer keeper of the fayreft yle.

Our first great ioyes with greater seconded.

Our fecond with succeeding ioyes defast,

They with the next extinct and vanished:

The next with greater ioyes, all with the last,

And yet thou liu'st to make vs yet more sayne,

And to set vp new triumphes and new pleasure,

To add more sweetnes to thy sweetest reigne.

To make more roome for ioy which knows no mea
O liue as do the stars, which shine for euer. (fure.

And as the Sunne so rise, but set thou neuer.

Epigr. 14. ad eandem.

Eliza, thou hast spread a goolden peace,
Ouer thy land thrise blessed be thy raigne.
And were it that some civill wars did cease,
Which in our selues devided we sustaine:

M 3

Be-





Betweene the patron and poore minister, Landlordes and Tenants, raigning more and more. Betweene the borrower and the vsurer.

Betweene so fewe rich, and so many poore:

Ours were the golden age, but these home iarres, Houses, and fields and states have overthrowne.

And spoyled vs no lesse then foreyne wars.

Thanke we this idle mischese of our owne.

But who did heare, or who did ever read,

Peace without wars, or something else in stead.

Epigr. 15. In Misum.

First Mifus coueted a peece of goold,
Then a small house, and little garden plott.
Then copie land, and after a freeholde.
At last a shipp by coueting he got,
Then out he streched reaching auarice,
To a shippe loade with goolde, and by degrees,
Manours





Manours and castles tempt his hollow eyes. Then to a mine of goold he fwiftly flees. Then greater Lordships he doth seaze vpon. No goold can still his bottomles desire. Nothing can scape his goold, he presseth on, And to all *India* laftly doth aspire.

Where now a little mine hath him inhold, Where is nor house, garden, land, ship nor goold.

Epigr, 16. Ad Comitem Essex.

LIOw hath a little chance great fortune croft? The Spanish fleete euen balased with goolde, A narrow miffe did fnatch out of our holde, Which we nere had, but yet defire as loft. But if this loffe must purchase thy returne. And buy thee out of danger emminent, How rich are we by loofing, and content, M 4

How



Liber Septimus.

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How woe are they that they are not vndoone?

More thou art fearde then any loffe of Spayne

Deurox, and England loues thee more then gaine.

Epigr. 17.

Rome hath a barrayne vine, yet doth not spare With a strong hedge to compasse her about. We have the true vine, which we do not care To sence against the wilde boares rooting out, If my poore prayers may be heard in time, I would we had their hedge, or they our vine.

Epigr. 18. In Caium.

Caius hath brought from forraine landes,
A footie wench with many handes.
Which doe in goolden letters fay,
She is his wife not ftolne away.
He mought haue fau'de with small discretion,

Paper





Paper inke and all confession.

For none that seeth her face and making,
Will iudge her stolne but by mistaking.

Epigr. 19. De næuo in facie Faustinæ.

Faustina hath a spott vpon her face,
Mixt with sweete beauty making for her grace.
By what sweete influence it was begott,
I know not, but it is a spotlesse spott.

Epigr. 20. De eadem.

As with fresh meates mixture of salt is meete, And vinegere doth relish well the sweete. So in fayre faces moulds somtimes arise, Which serue to stay the surfeyte of our eyes.

Epigr.



bebebebebe

Epigr. 22.

If a poore minister have done amisse,
Then his high calling is objected to him.
High to all wrong I grant our calling is,
And great and wonderous to our vndoing,
But they which set vs high to all disgrace,
In honour put vs to the lowest place.

Epigr. 23. Ad Thomam Strangwaies.

Strangwaies leave London & her fweet contents, Or bring them downe to me to make me glad. And give one mon'th to country meriments. Give me a fewe daies for the yeeres I had. The Poets fongs and sports we will reade over, Which in their goolden quire they have resounded And spill our readings one vpon another,

And





And read our spillings sweetly so consounded.

Nulam shall lend vs night in midst of day,

When to the euen valley we repaire.

When we delight our selues with talke or play,

Sweete with the infant grasse and virgine ayre.

These in the heate, but in the euen later,

Weele walke the meads, and read trowts in the

(water.

Epigr. 24. In Mathonem.

Matho with angry countenance threatned me. For that I toucht him in a verse of mine. I said I knewe it not, not so quoth he? That can I shew: and pointed to the rime. So he accused himselfe, for had not he, He might have kept concealements close for me.

Epigr. 25.

Stand, want, and waite, doe what you can.
Stand





Stand poore, want foole, waite feruingman. Their doors are made to shut thee out, Or let thee in to goe without.

Their goolde their idoll they doe make. Should they for thee their God forsake. Fye filthy muckers tis not so, Ye erre, God is not goold I know. But if he did consist of pelfe, What would you have him all your selfe?

Epigr. 26.

Philo in friendly fort faluteth me, And feedes me with embrasing courtese. But what of these sith he hath wronged me? Thus doe I suffer *Philoes* courtese.

Epigr. 27.

TH'arke-Angell Michaell looketh wan & blewe,
More





More then his predeceffor *Bartlemewe*. More then his neighbour *Mathew*: as men fay, Because he hath so many debts to pay.

Epigr. 28. De infante mortuo ante partum.

The infant lying in the mothers wombe,
Through vnknowne griefe & vnfufpected death
Refing'd not fully yet received breath.
And fo lay buried in a living tombe.
The wofull mothers heart this fo did greeve,
She wisht it had bin buried alive.

Epigr. 29. In Causidicos.

Or vice, our outrage and malitiousnesse, Set ouer vs newe maisters and new lawes. Which preying on our wicked simplenesse. Do grow so great by minishing the cause.

Epigr



Liber Septimus.

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bebebebebebe

Epigr. 30.

HE which an elder feeking to defame, Reueales his fecret to his enemies.

Deferues the heauy curfe of wicked Cham, Which did contemne his fathers priuities.

The Sire was dronke, and yet the plague did light, Vpon the fonne which formd a finfull fight.

Epigr. 31.

Cherkes to their livings wedded once did thriue, From which fome are divourft and yet do wive, Then *Mofes* lawe tooke holde, the brother dead, The brother should surviving raise him seed. But we succeding husbands can have none. Which are so wicked husbands to our owne, The wife tofore which many husbands had, With their soft rayment and rich iewels clad.

Deckt





Deckt with their comely loue and coftly care. Tyr'de like a Princesse and without compaire. VVe haue cast of from her owne blood & kinne. To serue a stranger and to stoope to him, And she alreadie groanes as thrall indeed, And we yet living stinke of this soule deede. What should the enemie do with barbrous knise? Learne of the husband to torment the wise? Wolues to your selues, vipers to your own mother. And caterpillers eatinge one an other.

Epigr. 32.

How deerly doth the fimple husband buy, His wives defect of will when she doth dye? Better in death by will to lett her give, Then let her have her will while she doth live.

Epigr.



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Epigr. 33. De Poeta Martiali.

Martiall in Rome full thirtie yeares had spent, Then went he home, was not that banishment?

Epigr. 34. In Lætum.

Letus in vertuous manners may excell,
But what neede hath he fo rath to be good?
His ftrength of body which he knowes to well,
His life forbids him and his youthly blood.
Thus vice and pleafure haue our ftrength & prime,
And vertue hath, the leauings of them both.
She hath the orts and parings of our time.
Then when euen finne our carion course doth loath,
We may be good, but must be aged furst.
Thus we are good neuer, or at our worst.

Epigr.





Epigr. 35. Epitaph: Iohannis Sande.

7Ho would live in others breath? Fame deceives the dead mans trust. Since our names are chang'de in death. Sand I was, and now am duft.

Epigr. 36. De puero balbutietiente.

I E thinkes tis pretie sport to heare a childe. Rocking a worde in mouth yet vndefiled. The tender racket rudely playes the found, Which weakely banded cannot backe rebound, And the foft ayre the fofter roofe doth kiffe, With a fweete dying and a pretie miffe, Which heares no answere yet from the white ranke Of teeth, not rifen from their corall banke. The alphabet is fearcht for letters foft, To trye a worde before it can be wrought, N And





And when it flideth forth, is goes as nice, As when a man doth walke vpon the yee.

Epigr. 37.

SVch was my griefe vpon my fatall fall,
That all the world me thought was darke withall,
And yet I was deceived as I knowe,
For when I proou'de I found it nothing fo,
I shewde the Sunne my lamentable fore,
The Sunne did see and shined as before:
Then to the Moone did I reveale my plight,
She did deminish nothing of her light:
Then to the stars I went and lett them see,
No not a starre woulde shine the lesse for me.
Go wretched man, thou seest thou art forlorne,
Thou seest the heavens laugh while thou dost mourn.

Epigr. 38.

YE Cookes and Pothecaries be my friend,

For



acacacacacac

For ye of all, my booke dares not offend;
I made him for the homely countries tast,
They loue not spice, they vie not feede on past.
If he have salt enough then let him go,
You have no neede to put in pepper to.

Epigr. 39. Ad Do. Mountioy.

I F in these naked lines perhaps be ought,
Great Lord, which your conceipt or sense may sit,
Then had that dy'de, and perisht from your thought,
Had not audacious neede presented it;
If neede haue well done, I am glad thersore,
But I beseech you lett her do no more.

Epigr. 40. Ad Lectorem.

I F my bookes easie of digestion be, Thanke not my matter reader but thanke me; How many verses haue I cancelled?

 N_2

Howe





Howe many lompes of meaning feafoned!

I fuffer Epigrams to fprowte forth, when

I vse mine arte, and prune them with my pen,
For he that will write Epigrams indeed,
Must vse to wring the meaning till it bleede.

Epigr. 41. in Sabellum.

Biting Sabellus hereat takes offence,
Because I lay not open all my sense.
All must be plaine, and nothing I must hide,
There must be notes at ende, and notes by side,
There must be nothing selt, and nothing strayned,
The reader must delighted be, not payned;
But I am of another minde, for why
Should not he take some paines as well as I?

Epigr. 42.

OVr vice is runne beyond all olde mens fawes,
And





And farre authenticall aboue our lawes,
And fcorning virtues fafe and goolden meane,
Sits vncontrolde vpon the high extreame.
Circes thynne monfters painted out the hue,
Of fayned filthinesse, but ours is true.
Our vice puts downe all prouerbes and all theames,
Our vice excels all fables and all dreames.

Epigr. 43.

When books & pooremen, they their parish burned, These their low houses raz'd & ouerturned, Are driven to seeke, changing their olde repayre, They in the ground, these dwelling in the ayre. Then sport is made of damned fornication, And vsurie an honest occupation.

When dull, cramde, grosse, and swollen gluttony, Scornes wholesome temperance with leaden eye, When pride like polling miller sits vpon,

N 3





The bated gryft of poore religion:
When holy tithes the highest callings price,
Make rags for coates, and fuell for the dice,
May we not well O times, on manners cry?
This were an ease, it were no remedie.

Epigr. 44. In Brillum.

BRillus tolde fuch a tale as neuer man Did heare, or thinke of fince the worlde began. Tw'as not of murther ftrange, nor filthinesse, Nor open wrong, nor secret wickednesse; Nor legend tale, nor ancient poets fable, Nor such as parasites do tell at table: It was nor monstrous lie, nor pleasant siction, Nor of affirming, nor of contradiction. All writers, trauellers, merchants are to seeke, Yea Iohn deuiser neuer tolde the like; It was a tale of oaths abhominable, God was the iest, and our dread Christ the fable.





Epigr. 45.

Letus did in his mistress quarrell die,
Quintus was slayne desending of the lie,
Germanus in his frendes desence did fall,
Sakellus died striuing for the wall.
Merus did spend his life vpon a iest,
Saunius lost it at a dronken feast,
Nirus at Sundaies wake, reueng'de the wrong
Of his bull dogge, untill he lay along.
What says thou now contemn'de religion?
Vice hath her Saynts and martyrs, thou hast none.

Epigr. 46. In Porum.

BItus defired Porus of his grace,
That in his feruice he might have a place:
He fayde he was of honest occupation.

 N_4

He



Liber Septimus.



He could no lye nor false dissimulation, He knewe no wicked meanes to fill his purse, But *Porus* answered, he likes him the worse.

> Epigr. 47. De Hominis Ortu & Sepultura.

Ature which headlong into life doth thring us, With our feet forward to our graue doth bring vs: What is lesse ours, then this our borrowed breath, We stumble into life, we goe to death.

Finis.



For the Fifth Year 1871-2.

11. Juvenilia: Poems by George Wither, contained in the collections of his Juvenilia which appeared in 1626 and 1633. Part III.

12. Miscellaneous Works of George Wither. Reprinted from the Original

First Collection.

For the Sixth Year 1872-3.

13. Miscellaneous Works of George Wither. Reprinted from the Original Editions. Second Collection.

14. Works of Taylor the Water Poet, not included in the Folio Volume of 1630. Reprinted from the Original Editions. Second Collection.

For the Seventh Year 1873-4.

15. Flovvers of Epigrammes, of sundrie authours selected, as well auncient as late writers. By Timothe Kendall. Represed from the Original Edition of 1577.

16. Miscellaneous Works of George Wither, Reprinted from the Original Editions. Third Collection.

For the Eighth Year 1874-5.

17. Belvedére; or, The Garden of the Muses. By John Bodenham. Reprinted from the Original Edition of 1600.

18. Miscellaneous Works of George Wither. Reprinted from the Original Editions. Bourth Collection.

For the Ninth Year 1875-6.

19. Works of John Taylor the Water Poet, not included in the Folio Volume of 1630 Reprinted from the Original Editions. Third Collection.

20. The Worthines of Wales. By Thomas Churchyard. Reprinted from the original edition of 1587.

For the Tenth Year 1876-7.

21. Works of John Taylor the Water Poet, not included in the Folio Volume of 1630 Reminted from the Original Editions. Fourth Collection.

22. Miscellaneous Works of George Wither. Reprinted from the Original Editions.

Fifth Collection.

For the Eleventh Year 1877-8.

23. Thule, or Vertues Historie. By Francis Rous. Reprinted from the Original Edition of 1598.

24. Miscellaneous Works of George Wither. Reprinted from the Original Editions.

Sixth Collection.

25. Works of John Taylor the Water Poet, not included in the Folio Volume of Reprinted from the Original Editions. Fifth Collection.

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS.

For the Twelfth Year 1878-9.

26. Harelviah or Britans Second Remembrancer (1641.) By George Wither.

Part I.

27. Halelviah or Britans Second Remembrancer. Parts II. and III.

For the Thirteenth Year 1879-80.

28. Britain's Remembrancer. By George Wither. Part I.

29. Britain's Remembrancer. Part II.

Issue

For the Fourteenth Year 1880-1.

30. The Hymnes and Songs of the Church. By George Wither.

31. The Psalms of David translated into Lyrick-verse. By George Wither. Part 1.

For the Fifteenth Year 1881-2.

32. The Psalms of David translated into Lyrick-verse. By George Wither. Part II.

33. Paralellogrammaton. By George Wither.

34. Exercises vpon the First Psalme. By George Wither.

For the Sixteenth Year, 1882-3.

35. A Fig for Fortune. By Anthonie Copley.

36. Respublica Anglicana or the Historie of the Parliament. By George Wither.

37. A Preparation to the Psalter. By George Wither.

For the Seventeenth Year, 1883-4.

38. The Mirrour of Good Maners. By Alexander Barclay.

39. Certayne Egloges. By Alexander Barclay.

40. The Great Assises Holden in Parnassus by Apollo and his Assessovrs.

41. Vaticinium Votivum; or, Palæmon's Prophetick Prayer,

For the Eighteenth Year, 1884-5.

42. Willoby his Avisa; or the true Picture of a modest Maid; and of a chast and constant wife.

43. The Tenne Tragedies of Seneca. Translated into English. Part I.

For the Nineteenth Year, 1885-6.

44. The Tenne Tragedies of Seneca. Translated into English. Part II.

45. Poems: By Michaell Draiton, Esquire. Re-printed from the Edition of 1605.

Part I.

For the Twentieth Year, 1886-7.

Poems: By Michaell Draiton, Esquire. Re-printed from the Edition of 1605.

Chrestoleros: Seuen Bookes of Epigrames. Written by Thomas Bastard. Reprinted from the edition of 1598.

